#### 1. BUDGET REPORT – KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS – 31 AUGUST 2019

Author Director Finance and Corporate Strategy
Responsible Officer Director Finance and Corporate Strategy

Link to Strategic Plans CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

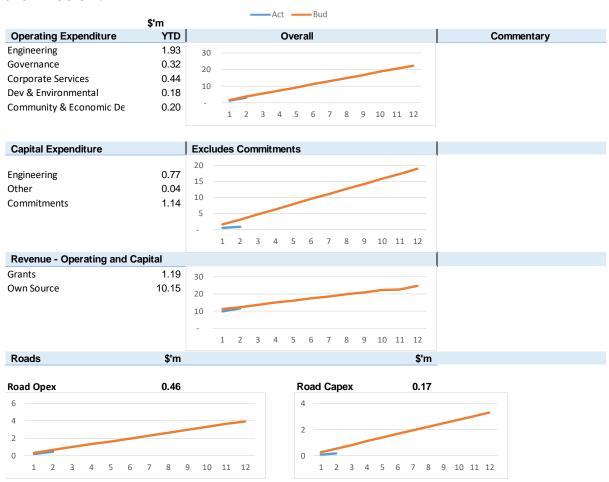
sustainable manner that meets all statutory and regulatory compliance and Council policies

#### **Executive Summary**

This report is presented to Council as a concise method of understanding Council's financial performance in key areas.

#### Report

A compact representation of the Council's performance to budget for key areas is shown below.



#### 1. BUDGET REPORT - KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS - 31 AUGUST 2019 (cont'd)

#### **Financial Implications**

Nil

#### **Legal and Regulatory Compliance**

- Local Government Act, 1993 Section 748
- Local Government (General) Regulation, 2005 Clause 202(b)

#### **Risk Management Issues**

Nil

#### Internal/External Consultation

Nil

#### **Attachments**

Nil

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

1. That the report regarding Council's Key Performance Indicators be received and noted.

#### 2. INVESTMENT REPORT AS AT 31 AUGUST 2019

AuthorDirector Finance & Corporate StrategyResponsible OfficerDirector Finance & Corporate Strategy

**Link to Strategic Plans** CSP – 4.3 A financially sound Council that is responsible

and sustainable

DP - 4.3.1.5 Provide monthly cash balances and detailed

quarterly financial reports to Council.

#### **Executive Summary**

Council's investments are made in accordance with legislative requirements and are certified as such by the Responsible Accounting Officer.

#### Report

Under the Local Government Act 1993 and Local Government (General) Regulation 2005, the Responsible Accounting Officer is required to report on Council's Investment portfolio on a monthly basis.

The management of Council's Investments is delegated by the General Manager to the Director of Finance and Corporate Strategy.

Council's current investment portfolio is diversified across a number of investment types and institutions. This includes term deposits, on-call accounts and managed funds. Investments are in accordance with the Office of Local Government's Guidelines and Council's Investment Policy.

The Government Guarantee on aggregated Investments up to \$1 million per account holder per institution expired 1 February 2012 and the new cap is \$250,000.

The investment portfolio increased **\$833,579** during the reporting period. This increase is due mostly to more Rates receipts than Capital and Operational Payments which was anticipated.

#### Financial Implications

The 2019/20 Budget estimates the total annual Investment Revenue as \$615,080 which represents an estimated return of 2.5% and is split proportionally across General, Water and Sewer Funds and changes on a monthly basis in accordance with cash flow requirements.

The market value of Council's Investments held as at **31 August 2019** is **\$23,744,174**. The full list of investments is in **Attachment No. 1**.

#### 2. INVESTMENT REPORT AS AT 31 AUGUST 2019 (Cont'd)

#### Legal and Regulatory Compliance

- Local Government Act, 1993 Section 625
- Local Government (General) Regulation, 2005 Clause 212
- Council Investment Policy adopted 11 March 2015
- Ministerial Investment Order 12 January 2011

#### Risk Management Issues

Council's risk management strategy is to diversify the allocation of funds across different financial institutions and government authorities based on credit ratings as per the Investment Policy. The investment portfolio is regularly reviewed in order to maximise investment performance and minimise risk.

#### <u>Certification – Responsible Accounting Officer</u>

I hereby certify that the investments listed in the report have been made in accordance with Section 625 of the Local Government Act 1993, clause 212 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 and Council's Investment Policy.

#### **Attachments**

1 Investments – 31 August 2019

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

- 1. That the report regarding Council's Investment Portfolio be received and noted;
- 2. That the certification of the Responsible Accounting Officer is noted and the report adopted.

#### 3. 2019-2020 REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Author Responsible Officer Link to Strategic Plans Manager Revenue and Customer Relations Director Finance and Corporate Strategy

CSP 4.23, 4.24 – Provide funding to community groups and organisations which assist council through the provision of services and facilities used by residents. DP – 1.2.3.1 Provide grants through the Donations, Sponsorships & Waiver of Fees & Charges Policy to

community groups.

#### **Executive Summary**

The 2019/20 applications for financial assistance program has been undertaken and Council now needs to assess and allocate funding to the successful applicants.

#### **Report**

Council's Donations, Sponsorships and Waiver of Fees Policy invites applications for financial assistance to individuals and organisations with the application process closing 30<sup>th</sup> August 2019. Council received 10 applications for financial assistance.

Council has an allocation of \$21,012.00 in the 2019/20 budget for the purpose of providing financial assistance – the groups that applied under this heading are in **Attachment 2**. Full copies of the completed applications have been provided to Council, under separate cover.

The application process requests that the applicants provide Council with Financial Statements; however, a number of these community groups are small start-up committees and do not have a requirement to produce financial statements or are in early planning stages and are requesting assistance from Council to get "up and going". There is a level of difficulty in community groups attracting volunteers and people with suitable financial backgrounds to undertake the treasury functions expected.

As part of this process in 2012/13, Council also allocated funding to the Shire Australia Day Committees and to the schools for their annual presentation nights. During the process Council also decided to make provision in future budgets to fund an annual contribution to the Mungery Hall Committee and the Narromine Cricket Club. The Western Regional Academy of Sport was added in October 2014. Whilst Council's 2019/20 Delivery Program has separate budget allocations for these items, Council needs to resolve to make the payment to these groups as this function cannot be delegated to the General Manager under Section 377 of the Local Government Act 1993. These allocations are summarised in **Attachment No 3**.

#### 3. 2019-2020 REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Cont'd)

#### Rotary Club of Narromine

Rotary Club of Narromine apply annually for assistance towards the maintenance, upkeep and improvements to the Narromine Wetlands Precinct. The Club members volunteer their time to tend the gardens, mow the grass and do general repairs. The wetlands precinct is enjoyed by families and visitors to the area. It is proposed that the Rotary Club of Narromine receive an annual contribution of \$3,000.00 without the need of having to apply annually for financial assistance.

#### **Financial Implications**

Council has an allocation of \$21,012 in the 2019/20 Operational Plan for the purpose of providing assistance under this program and has various other budget allocations for the purpose of funding requests.

#### Legal and Regulatory Compliance

Local Government Act 1993 Section 356 – Allows Council to contribute money or otherwise grant financial assistance to persons for the purpose of exercising its functions.

Local Government Act 1993 Section 377 – Council cannot delegate the function of contributing money or otherwise grant financial assistance.

#### **Risk Management Issues**

Compliance with legislative and regulatory obligations

#### **Internal/External Consultation**

Nil

#### **Attachments**

- 2. Groups requesting financial assistance
- 3. Council's budgeted Committee allocations

#### 3. 2019-2020 REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (Cont'd)

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

1. That Council allocate funding from the Community Donations Fund as follows:-

Narromine Rescue Squad	\$4,083.75
Rotary Club of Narromine	\$3,000.00
Trangie CWA	\$2,530.31
Narromine CWA	\$2,324.41
Mudyigalang	\$2,000.00
Narromine Pony Club	\$ 500.00
	\$14,438.47

2. That Council waive the following hire fees from the Community Donations Fund as follows (excl. GST):

Deadly Dragonfliez Netball Club	\$ 269.00
Narromine Pony Club	\$ 219.50
Trangie Amateur Swimming Club	\$ 205.50
	\$ 694.00

3. That Council confirm the following annual contributions (excl. GST):

Tomingley Advancement Association / Australia Day	\$ 500.00
Narromine Australia Day	\$ 500.00
Trangie Australia Day	\$ 500.00
Narromine District Cricket Association	\$ 1,000.00
Mungery Hall Trust	\$ 1,500.00
Western Regional Academy of Sport	\$ 350.00
Rotary Club of Narromine Inc / Lions Club/Venetian Carnival	\$ 2,727.27
Schools Donations	\$ 700.00
	\$ 7,777.27

4. That Council add the Rotary Club of Narromine to the list of recipients that receive an annual recurring donation and that the amount of the donation be \$3,000.00.

#### 4. RATES AND CHARGES WRITE OFF

AuthorManager Revenue & Customer RelationsResponsible OfficerDirector Finance and Corporate Strategy

**Link to Strategic Plans** CSP – 4.3 A financially sound Council that is responsible

and sustainable

#### **Executive Summary**

The purpose of this report is for Council to consider writing off an amount of \$5,852.29 in access and user charges.

#### Report

In September 2017 the Valuer General advised Council that the Crown land lease for the property at 10 Meringo Street, Narromine had been cancelled. The lessees at that time were the Men & Women of Destiny who had previously been conducting religious services at the property. With the lease being cancelled the property reverted back to the Crown and consequently become non-rateable. Although the property, while leased for the purpose of religion did not attract general rates it did attract waste and water services. Despite numerous requests over the last few years no payments have been received. The Narromine branch of the Men and Women for Destiny Church are no longer in existence. Any outstanding charges for the property are not recoverable from the Crown.

#### **Summary**

Outstanding access charges equating to \$4,411.42 and user charges of \$1,440.87 have been levied on assessment 11137548 as at the 31st July 2019.

#### **Financial Implications**

Total write off amount is \$5,852.29. A provision of \$4,393.06 was set aside in the 30 June 2019 financial year end for the outstanding access charges.

#### **Legal and Regulatory Compliance**

Local Government Act, 1993 – Section 607. The regulations may specify circumstances, in addition to those for which provision is made in this Chapter, in which a council may write off rates and charges and interest accrued on unpaid rates and charges.

Local Government Act, 1993 – Section 555 (1). The following land is exempt from all rates: (a) land owned by the Crown, not being land held under lease for private purposes.

#### 4. RATES AND CHARGES WRITE OFF (Cont'd)

#### **Legal and Regulatory Compliance**

Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 – Clause 131(4). An amount of rates or charges can be written off under this clause only: (b) the amount is not lawfully recoverable.

Local Government Act, 1993 – Section 377. Council's General Manager is authorised to write off amounts of fees, charges and interest accrued not exceeding \$5,000 where appropriate circumstances exist.

#### **Risk Management Issues**

Nil

#### **Internal/External Consultation**

Nil

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

- 1. That Council write off \$5,852.29 in access and user charges owing for land described as Lot 12 in DP538452 in the Parish of Wentworth, County of Narromine and known as 10 Meringo Street, Narromine owned by the State of New South Wales.
- 2. That Council write to Crown Land to express our disappointment that it has to write off \$5,852.29 in charges, and request that careful consideration be given to future leasing of any Crown properties.

#### 5. DRAFT 2018/19 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR AUDIT

AuthorDirector Finance and Corporate StrategyResponsible OfficerDirector Finance and Corporate Strategy

**Link to Strategic Plans** CSP – 4.3 A financially sound Council that is responsible

and sustainable

#### **Executive Summary**

This report recommends Council refer the Draft 2018/19 Financial Statements to audit.

#### Report

Section 413(1) of the Local Government Act stipulates that Council must prepare financial reports for each year, and must refer them for audit as soon as practical after the end of that year. In addition, Council's financial reports must be audited within 4 months after the end of the year concerned.

The Statement of Councillors and Management made pursuant Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting must be in the approved format and be signed in accordance with a resolution of Council.

Council's auditors will be in attendance from 16 September 2019 to undertake the financial statement audit. As such, Council must consider referring the draft financial reports to audit prior to the Auditor's scheduled attendance.

#### **Financial Implications**

The Annual Financial Statements reflect the transactions previously reported to Council at the Quarterly Budget Reviews and the end of year adjustments.

#### **Legal and Regulatory Compliance**

Local Government Act, 1993 – Sections 413(1) and 413(2)(c) Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting Update No.27

#### **Risk Management Issues**

Nil

#### Internal/External Consultation

NSW Audit Office - Client Service Plan

#### 5. DRAFT 2018/19 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR AUDIT (cont'd)

#### **Attachments**

- 4 Draft General Purpose Financial Statements
- 5 Draft Special Purpose Financial Statements
- 6 Draft Special Schedules

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

- 1. That Council's 2018/2019 Financial Report be referred to audit to the NSW Audit Office.
- 2. That Council resolves that the annual Financial Report is in accordance with:
  - the Local Government Act 1993 and the Regulations made there under;
  - the Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements, and
  - the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting;
  - presents fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year,
     and
  - accords with Council's accounting and other records;
  - and that Council is not aware of any matter that would render this report false or misleading in any way.
- 3. That Council adopt the Councillors/Management "Statements" and resolve that they be signed and attached to the year-end accounts.
- 4. That Council delegates to the General Manager the authority to "finalise the date" at which the Auditor's report and Financial Statements are to be presented to the public (as per section 418(1) of the Local Government Act 1993).
- 5. That Council note and adopt the value of the nominated Internal Reserves and their closing balances as listed in Note 6(c) of the General Purpose Financial Statement.

#### 6. SALE OF LAND FOR UNPAID RATES AND CHARGES

Author Manager Revenue and Customer Relations
Responsible Officer Director Finance and Corporate Strategy

Link to Strategic Plans CSP – 4.3.1 Operate and manage Council in a financially

sustainable manner that meets all statutory and regulatory compliance and Council policies

#### **Executive Summary**

This report is presented to Council to advise the outcome of the Auction held on the 16<sup>th</sup> August 2019 at the Council Chambers for land scheduled to be sold for unpaid rates and charges under Section 713 of the Local Government Act, 1993.

#### Report

Council resolved to sell the following four properties under Sec 713 of the Local Government Act, 1993 at its 13<sup>th</sup> March 2019 Ordinary meeting.

- 1259 Gundong Road, Tomingley
- 1341 Gundong Road, Tomingley
- 23B Burril Street, Tomingley
- 505 Dandaloo Road, Narromine

It was further resolved that Council no longer purchase, at auction 505 Dandaloo Road, Narromine for road widening purposes at its 14th August 2019 Ordinary meeting.

The Auction was held at the Council Chambers at 11.00 am on the 16th August 2019 and was conducted by Jason Hartin, Auctioneer from Hartin Schute Bell. Five bidders were registered prior to the Auction commencing. The Auction results are as follows;

#### 1259 Gundong Road, Tomingley

This property was withdrawn from sale as all outstanding rates and charges, including charges associated with the 713 sale, were paid in full by the current owner prior to the Auction taking place.

#### 1341 Gundong Road, Tomingley

This property was withdrawn from sale as all outstanding rates and charges, including charges associated with the 713 sale, were paid in full by the current owner prior to the Auction taking place.

#### 6. SALE OF LAND FOR UNPAID RATES AND CHARGES (Cont'd)

#### 23B Burril Street, Tomingley

Council purchased this property for \$6,900.00, being the reserve price set by Council at its 8<sup>th</sup> May 2019 Ordinary meeting. With no further bids being received Council was the successful bidder.

#### 505 Dandaloo Road, Narromine

Five bids were received for this the purchase of this property. However, the highest bid did not reach the reserve price set by Council and was consequently passed in. The Auctioneer then held negotiations with the highest bidder, however he indicated that he was not willing to increase his bid. In accordance with Section 716 (2) of the Local Government Act, 1993 the property has now been listed for sale by private treaty. An offer has now been received (see Confidential Report).

#### **Financial Implications**

Nil

#### **Legal and Regulatory Compliance**

Contracts have been entered into for the purchase of 23B Burril Street, Tomingley.

#### **Risk Management Issues**

Nil

#### Internal/External Consultation

Jason Hartin from Hartin Schute Bell is in negotiations on Council's behalf with the losing bidder of 505 Dandaloo Road, Narromine.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

1. That the information be noted.

John Sevil

Director Finance & Corporate Strategy Responsible Accounting Officer

#### Investments – 31 August 2019

Financial Institution	Bank Rating	Investment Type/Maturity Date	Investment Rating	Current Rate	Term	Amount (\$)	Comment
Cash & At Call	Ī	12	I	I	I I	_	
CBA	AA-	Business Online Saver - at call	A-1+	1.00%	N/A	2,676,731.22	S&P Short Term
СВА	AA-	Business Online Saver - at call	A-1+	1.00%	N/A	-	S&P Short Term
		TOTAL				2,676,731.22	
		Percentage Exposure of Total F				11.27%	
		Average Investment Yield (annu	ualised)			1.00%	
Term Deposits		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	_ <del>_</del>
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 05/09/2019	A-1+	2.35%	120 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
Bankwest	AA-	Term Deposit - 11/09/2019	A-1+	2.05%	90 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
СВА	AA-	Term Deposit - 16/09/2019	A-1+	2.45%	185 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
Bankwest	AA-	Term Deposit - 18/09/2019	A-1+	1.95%	90 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 19/09/2019	A-1+	2.27%	120 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
CBA	AA-	Term Deposit - 20/09/2019	A-1+	2.41%	182 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 03/10/2019	A-1+	2.20%	120 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 10/10/2019	A-1+	2.10%	120 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 17/10/2019	A-1+	2.07%	120 Days	2,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 23/10/2019	A-1+	1.97%	118 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
Bankwest	AA-	Term Deposit - 29/10/2019	A-1+	1.70%	90 Days	3,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 11/11/2019	A-1+	1.78%	90 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 13/11/2019	A-1+	2.07%	147 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
NAB	AA-	Term Deposit - 20/11/2019	A-1+	1.70%	97 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
Suncorp	AA-	Term Deposit - 29/11/2019	A-1+	1.55%	92 Days	1,000,000.00	S&P Short Term
		TOTAL				40,000,000,00	
			Portfolio			18,000,000.00 75.81%	
		Average Investment Yield (annu				2.04%	
		Percentage Exposure of Total F				18,000,000 75.8	.00 1%

Pooled Mana	ged Investmen	uts	_ Market Value	Balance from 2018/2019
TCorp	AAA	T-CorpIM Long Term Growth Fund	3,067,443	3,023,323
		Percentage Exposure of Total Portfolio	12.92%	
		Average Investment Yield MTH	-2.20%	
		Average Investment Yield FYTD	-0.57%	

Total Investments and Cash

23,744,174

					Accessibility		
		Amount	Funds		to other		
Application	Organisation	Requested	Rec'd		funding	Recommended	
#	Name	(Ex GST)	Last Yr	Purpose of Donation/Waiver	sources	Amount	Rationale
1	Trangie CWA	\$ 2,530.31	\$ 2,463.71	Derribong, Trangie	Raffles & Street	\$ 2,530.31	support of the Trangie Community.
2	Narromine Rotary Club	\$ 3,000.00	\$ 2,500.00	2,500.00 Narromine Wetlands.	Days,	\$ 3,000.00	3,000.00 local community can utilise.
3	Narromine Rescue Squad	\$ 4,083.75	\$	3,978.69 Algalah Street, Narromine	parking	\$ 4,083.75 donate	donate
4	Mudyigalang	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	2,000.00 Cost to replace embroidery machine.	Craft sales	\$ 2,000.00	2,000.00 attend workshops and luncheons held by ladies
5	Narromine CWA	\$ 2,624.41	\$ 1,778.19	1,778.19 Nymagee Street, Narromine (\$1,824.41),	8	\$ 2,324.41	support of the Narromine Community.
Part 6	Narromine Pony Club	\$ 2,000.00	-	Clubhouse	proceeds,	\$ 500.00	benefit to the community.
	TOTAL	\$ 16,238.47	\$ 12,720.59			\$ 14,438.47	
					Accessibility		
		Amount	Funds		to other		
Application	ο̈́ο	Requested	Rec'd		funding	Recommended	
#	Name	(Ex GST)	Last Yr	Purpose of Donation/Waiver	sources	Amount	Rationale
	Narromine Aboriginal Land			Waiver of Naromine Pool hire fee for	Rental Property		Access to funds from other sources available.
1	Council	\$ 376.00		Learn to Swim Program	Income,		Does not benefit wider community
2	Club	\$ 269.00	\$ -	Waiver of Netball Court hire fee	Membership fees	\$	269.00 girls to get involved with sport and engage socially.
Part 6	Narromine Pony Club	\$ 287.50	\$ 198.00	8	proceeds,	\$ 219.50	219.50   charges will still need to be paid.
	Volunteer Leaders for			Waiver of Narromine Swimming Pool	Local Health		or bank account. Application not signed. Appears to
7	Aquafitness Training	\$ 1,560.00	-	lane hire fees	District	-	be only one volunteer involved. No pool booking
8	Club	\$ 205.50	\$ 942.50	& provision of lifeguard \$410.00 (10 hrs	sponsorships,	\$ 205.50	membership fees. Other available fund raising
		\$ 2,698.00	\$ 1,140.50			\$ 694.00	

	200	L	0000	
	2018-2019		2019-2020	
	Amount		Amount	
Entity / Organisation	Ex GST		Ex GST	Notes
Tomingley Advancement Association / Australia Day	\$ 500.00	\$ 0	500.00	
Narromine Australia Day	\$ 500.00	\$ 0	500.00	
Trangie Australia Day	\$ 500.00	\$ 0	500.00	
Narromine District Cricket Association	\$ 1,000.00		\$ 1,000.00	
Mungery Hall Trust	\$ 1,500.00		\$ 1,500.00	
Western Regional Academy of Sport	\$ 350.00	\$ 0	350.00	
Rotary Club of Narromine Inc / Lions Club/Venetian Carnival	\$ 2,727.27		\$ 2,727.27	
Schools Donations	\$ 700.00	\$ 0	700.00	
	\$ 7,777.27		\$ 7,777.27	
	2018-2019		2019-2020	
	Amount		Amount	
Schools Donations (GST Exclusive)	Ex GST		Ex GST	
Narromine Public School	\$ 100.00	\$ 0	100.00	
Narromine High School	\$ 100.00	\$ 0	100.00	
St Augustine's Parish School	\$ 100.00	\$ 0	100.00	
Narromine Christian School	\$ 100.00	\$ 0	100.00	
Trangie Central School	\$ 200.00	\$ 0	200.00	
St Johns Trangie	\$ 100.00	\$ 0	100.00	
Schools Donations	\$ 700.00	\$ 0	700.00	

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2019



#### **General Purpose Financial Statements**

for the year ended 30 June 2019

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#### **Overview**

Narromine Shire Council is constituted under the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and has its principal place of business at:

124 Dandaloo Street Narromine NSW 2821

Council's guiding principles are detailed in Chapter 3 of the LGA and includes:

- · principles applying to the exercise of functions generally by council,
- · principles to be applied when making decisions,
- · principles of community participation,
- · principles of sound financial management, and
- · principles for strategic planning relating to the development of an integrated planning and reporting framework.

A description of the nature of Council's operations and its principal activities are provided in Note 2(b).

Through the use of the internet, we have ensured that our reporting is timely, complete and available at minimum cost. All press releases, financial statements and other information are publicly available on our website: www.nbarromine.nsw.gov.au.

#### General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### **Understanding Council's Financial Statements**

#### Introduction

Each year, individual Local Governments across NSW are required to present a set of audited financial statements to their council and community.

#### What you will find in the Statements

The financial statements set out the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of Council for the financial year ended 30 June 2019.

The format of the financial statements is standard across all NSW Councils and complies with both the accounting and reporting requirements of Australian Accounting Standards and requirements as set down by the Office of Local Government.

#### **About the Councillor/Management Statement**

The financial statements must be certified by senior staff as 'presenting fairly' the Council's financial results for the year and are required to be adopted by Council – ensuring both responsibility for and ownership of the financial statements.

#### **About the Primary Financial Statements**

The financial statements incorporate five "primary" financial statements:

#### 1. The Income Statement

Summarises Council's financial performance for the year, listing all income and expenses. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

#### 2. The Statement of Comprehensive Income

Primarily records changes in the fair value of Council's Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.

#### 3. The Statement of Financial Position

A 30 June snapshot of Council's financial position indicating its assets, liabilities and "net wealth".

#### 4. The Statement of Changes in Equity

The overall change for the year (in dollars) of Council's "net wealth".

#### 5. The Statement of Cash Flows

Indicates where Council's cash came from and where it was spent. This statement also displays Council's original adopted budget to provide a comparison between what was projected and what actually occurred.

#### **About the Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide greater detail and additional information on the five primary financial statements.

#### **About the Auditor's Reports**

Council's financial statements are required to be audited by the NSW Audit Office.

In NSW the auditor provides 2 audit reports:

- 1. an opinion on whether the financial statements present fairly the Council's financial performance and position, and
- 2. their observations on the conduct of the audit, including commentary on the Council's financial performance and financial position.

#### Who uses the Financial Statements?

The financial statements are publicly available documents and must be presented at a Council meeting between seven days and five weeks after the date of the audit report.

The public can make submissions to Council up to seven days subsequent to the public presentation of the financial statements.

Council is required to forward an audited set of financial statements to the Office of Local Government.

#### General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Statement by Councillors and Management made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- · the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended) and the regulations made thereunder,
- · the Australian Accounting Standards and other pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board
- · the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

#### To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- present fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 11 September 2019.

Craig Davies

Mayor
Councillor
11 September 2019

Jane Redden
General Manager
11 September 2019

Dawn Collins
Councillor
11 September 2019

John Sevil
Responsible Accounting Officer
11 September 2019

11 September 2019

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#### **Income Statement**

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Original unaudited budget			Actual	Actua
2019	\$ '000	Notes	2019	2018
	Income from continuing operations			
	Revenue:			
8,852	Rates and annual charges	3a	8,857	8,43
2,688	User charges and fees	3b	3,063	2,98
634	Interest and investment revenue	3c	1,010	63
926	Other revenues	3d	472	53
7,691	Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	3e, 3f	7,649	7,94
3,293	Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	3e, 3f	3,390	2,83
0,200	Other income:		0,000	_,00
_	Net gains from the disposal of assets	5	43	15
_	Net share of interests in joint ventures and associates using	14		
_	the equity method		10	3
24,084	Total income from continuing operations		24,494	23,56
	Expenses from continuing operations			
7,720	Employee benefits and on-costs	4a	6,624	7,07
107	Borrowing costs	4b	93	10
4,444	Materials and contracts	4c	5,480	4,68
5,964	Depreciation and amortisation	4d	5,850	5,96
2,375	Other expenses	4e	2,543	2,89
2,373	Revaluation decrement / impairment of IPP&E	4d	2,545	2,09
	Total expenses from continuing operations			20.72
20,610	Total expenses from continuing operations	_	20,839	20,72
3,474	Operating result from continuing operations	_	3,655	2,84
3,474	Net operating result for the year	_	3,655	2,845
3,474	Net operating result attributable to council		3,655	2,84
181	Net operating result for the year before grants and contrib provided for capital purposes	utions	265	1

<sup>(1)</sup> The Council has not restated comparatives when initially applying AASB 9. The comparative information has been prepared under AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2019

\$ '000	Notes	2019	<b>2018</b> <sup>1</sup>
Net operating result for the year (as per Income Statement)		3,655	2,845
Other comprehensive income:  Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating result			
Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E	9(a)	1,194	2,107
Total items which will not be reclassified subsequently to the operating result		1,194	2,107
Total other comprehensive income for the year		1,194	2,107
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	4,849	4,952
Total comprehensive income attributable to Council		4,849	4,952

<sup>(1)</sup> The Council has not restated comparatives when initially applying AASB 9. The comparative information has been prepared under AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2019

\$ '000	Notes	2019	<b>2018</b> <sup>1</sup>
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalent assets	6(a)	1,659	1,035
Investments	6(b)	22,573	23,320
Receivables	7	1,921	2,074
Inventories	8a	854	1,014
Other	8b	90	115
Total current assets		27,097	27,558
Non-current assets			
Receivables	7	512	458
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9(a)	309,519	302,718
Investments accounted for using the equity method	14	298_	288
Total non-current assets		310,329	303,464
TOTAL ASSETS		337,426	331,022
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	10	2,076	884
Income received in advance	10	227	186
Borrowings	10	390	385
Provisions	11	1,576	1,761
Total current liabilities		4,269	3,216
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	10	2,858	2,494
Provisions	11	194	56
Total non-current liabilities		3,052	2,550
TOTAL LIABILITIES		7,321	5,766
Net assets		330,105	325,256
FOURTY		<u> </u>	
EQUITY Accumulated surplus	12a	136,345	132,690
Revaluation reserves	12a	193,760	192,566
Council equity interest	124	330,105	325,256
odinon equity interest		330,103	323,230
Total equity		330,105	325,256

<sup>(1)</sup> The Council has not restated comparatives when initially applying AASB 9. The comparative information has been prepared under AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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# Narromine Shire Council

# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2019

		2019			2018 1	
		IPP&E			IPP&E	
	Accumulated revaluation	revaluation	Total	Accumulated revaluation	evaluation	Total
000, \$	Notes surplus	reserve	ednity	snldus	reserve	equity
Opening balance	132,690	192,566	325,256	129,845	190,459	320,304
Net operating result for the year	3,655	I	3,655	2,845	I	2,845
Other comprehensive income						
- Gain (loss) on revaluation of IPP&E	9(a)	1,194	1,194	I	2,107	2,107
Other comprehensive income	1	1,194	1,194	1	2,107	2,107
Total comprehensive income	3,655	1,194	4,849	2,845	2,107	4,952
Equity – balance at end of the reporting period	136,345	193,760	330,105	132,690	192,566	325,256

<sup>(1)</sup> The Council has not restated comparatives when initially applying AASB 9. The comparative information has been prepared under AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Original unaudited budget	A 1000		Actual	Actua
2019	\$ '000	Notes	2019	2018
	Cash flows from operating activities			
	Receipts			
8,852	Rates and annual charges		8,803	8,090
2,688	User charges and fees		2,745	2,792
634	Investment and interest revenue received		1,165	690
10,985	Grants and contributions		11,566	10,41
_	Bonds, deposits and retention amounts received		5	2:
_	Other		302	67
	<u>Payments</u>			
(7,721)	Employee benefits and on-costs		(6,815)	(7,086
(4,444)	Materials and contracts		(4,441)	(4,885
(107)	Borrowing costs		(92)	(99
(2,375)	Other		(2,348)	(3,004
8,512	Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities	13b	10,890	7,60
	Cash flows from investing activities			
	Receipts			
_	Sale of investment securities		24,000	25,57
488	Sale of real estate assets		24,000	41
-	Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		230	54
	Payments		200	0.
_	Purchase of investment securities		(23,253)	(27,890
(15,566)	Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		(11,483)	(8,617
(10,000)	Purchase of real estate assets		(129)	(258
(15,078)	Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities		(10,635)	(10,240
(10,010)			(10,000)	(10,210
	Cash flows from financing activities			
	Receipts			
752	Proceeds from borrowings and advances		752	200
	<u>Payments</u>			
(383)	Repayment of borrowings and advances		(383)	(363
369	Net cash flow provided (used in) financing activities		369	(163
(6,197)	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		624	(2,798
1,500	Plus: cash and cash equivalents – beginning of year	13a	1,035	3,83
(4,697)	Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year	13a	1,659	1,03
(4,001)	caon and caon equivalence cina or the year		1,000	1,000
	Additional Information:			
24,000	plus: Investments on hand – end of year	6(b)	22,573	23,32
•	· ·	~(~)		
19,303	Total cash, cash equivalents and investments		24,232	24,35

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

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#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements were authorised for issue by Council on dd MMMM yyyy. Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations, the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* and Regulations, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

Council is a not for-profit entity.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars and are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts disclosed in the financial statements are actual amounts. Specific budgetary amounts have been included for comparative analysis (to actuals) in the following reports and notes:

- · Income statement
- · Statement of cash flows
- Note 18 Material budget variations

and are clearly marked.

#### (a) New and amended standards adopted by Council

There have been no new (or amended) accounting standards adopted by Council in this year's financial statements which have had any material impact on reported financial position, performance or cashflows.

#### (b) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment and investment property.

#### (c) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Council and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Council makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future.

The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- (i) estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment refer Note 10
- (ii) estimated tip remediation provisions refer Note 14
- (iii) employee benefit provisions refer Note 14.

#### Significant judgements in applying the council's accounting policies

(iv) Impairment of receivables

Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables - refer Note 7.

continued on next page ...

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 1. Basis of preparation (continued)

#### Monies and other assets received by Council

#### (a) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), all money and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

Cash and other assets of the following entities have been included as part of the Consolidated Fund:

- General purpose operations
- Water service
- Sewerage service

#### (b) The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the *Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)* (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and property received by the council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of, or in accordance with, the trusts relating to those monies. Trust monies and property subject to Council's control have been included in these reports.

#### **Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities that are recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flows.

#### New accounting standards and interpretations issued not yet effective

#### New accounting standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2019 reporting periods (and which have not been early adopted by Council).

Council's assessment of these new standards and interpretations (where they have been deemed as having a material impact on Council's future financial performance, financial positon and cash flows) are set out below:

#### **AASB 16 Leases**

AASB 16 will result (for YE 19/20 and beyond) in none of its operating leases being recognised on the balance sheet by Council (alongisde existing finance leases). AASB 16 provides optional relief for leases of low-value or for leases of less than 12 months. OLG has mandedated Councils to apply this exemption for all leases that meet the critiera.

Under the new standard, a financial liability (ie. a lease liability) and an asset (ie. a right to use the leased item) will be recognised for nearly all arrangements where Council commits itself to paying a rental fee for the use of a specific asset.

The exceptions for short-term and low-value leases are exempt from the accounting (but not disclosure) requirements of AASB 16 - Leases.

Council staff have reviewed all of Council's leasing arrangements over the last 12 months taking into consideration the new lease accounting rules in AASB 16 (applicable from 1/7/19).

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 1. Basis of preparation (continued)

AASB 16 will (on the whole) not affect Council's accounting for existing operating lease agreements that are in place as at 30/6/19.

At the end of this reporting period, Council has non-cancellable operating lease commitments of \$52,015 - refer Note 15.

Of these commitments, approximately \$6,636 relate to short-term leases and \$45,379 to low value leases.

Both these lease types and amounts will continue to be accounted for as they currently are (being expensed on a straight-line basis within the Income Statement).

From a financial perfromance standpoint, Council expects that net operating result will not change for the 19/20 financial year as a result of adopting the standard.

Council's activities as a lessor are not material and hence Council does not expect any significant impact on the financial statements. However, some additional disclosures will be required from next year.

#### AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and associated amending standards.

AASB15 introduces a five-step process for revenue recognition, with the core principle of the new standard being for entities to recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration (that is, payment) to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Accounting policy changes will arise in the timing of revenue recognition, treatment of contracts costs and contracts which contain a financing element.

Councils should assess each revenue stream but particular impact is expected for grant income and rates which are paid before the commencement of the rating period.

The changes in revenue recognition requirements in AASB15 may cause changes to the timing and amount of revenue recorded in the financial statements as well as additional disclosures.

The impact of AASB15 is expected to be minimal due to revenue earned when it is received.

#### **AASB 1058 Income of NFP Entities**

AASB 1058 supersedes all the income recognition requirements relating to councils, previously in AASB 1004 Contributions.

Under AASB 1058 the future timing of income recognition will depend on whether the transaction gives rise to a liability or other performance obligation (a promise to transfer a good or service) related to an asset (such as cash or another asset) received by an entity.

AASB 1058 also applies when a council receives volunteer services or enters into other transactions in which the consideration to acquire an asset is significantly less than the fair value of the asset, and where the council's objective is principally to enable the asset to further the council's objectives.

Upon initial recognition of the asset, this standard requires council to consider whether any other financial statement elements (called 'related amounts') should be recognised in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, such as:

- (a) contributions by owners
- (b) revenue, or a contract liability arising from a contract with a customer
- (c) a lease liability
- (d) a financial instrument, or
- (e) a provision.

If the transaction is a transfer of a financial asset to enable council to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset to be controlled by council (i.e. an in-substance acquisition of a non-financial asset), the council recognises a liability for the excess of the fair value of the transfer over any related amounts recognised. Council will then recognise income as it satisfies its obligations under the transfer similarly to income recognition in relation to performance obligations under AASB 15.

If the transaction does not enable council to acquire or construct a recognisable non-financial asset to be controlled by council, then any excess of the initial carrying amount of the recognised asset over the related amounts is recognised as income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 1. Basis of preparation (continued)

There is not expected to be a material impact on the reported financial position, performance or cashflows of Council although some additional disclosure may be required.

#### AASB 2018-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Right-of-Use Assets of Not-for-Profit Entities

This Standard provides a temporary option for not-for-profit entities to not apply the fair value initial measurement requirements for right-of-use assets arising under leases with significantly below market terms and conditions, principally to enable the entity to further its objectives (for example, concessionary or peppercorn leases).

The Standard requires an entity that elects to apply the option (i.e. measures a class or classes of such right-of-use assets at cost rather than fair value) to include additional disclosures in the financial statements to ensure users understand the effects on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity arising from these leases

As per a NSW Office of Local Government recommendation, Council has elected to measure right-of-use assets (under a concessionary or peppercorn lease) at cost. The standard requires additional disclosures be provided in relation to below market-value leases measured at cost.

The specific impacts of AASB2018-8 for Council are expected to be minimal.

Council has not applied any pronouncements before its operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2018.

Apart from those standards listed above, there are no other released standards (with future effective dates) that are expected to have a material impact on Council.

Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in these financial statements.

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# Narromine Shire Council

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

# Note 2(a). Council functions/activities - financial information

	Income, expens	es and assets ha	ave been directly	/ attributed to th	ne following functi Note 2(b)	ctions or activiti b).	es. Details of the	se functions o	Income, expenses and assets have been directly attributed to the following functions or activities. Details of those functions or activities are provided in Note 2(b).	rovided in
CO.	In continuing 2019	Income from continuing operations 2019	Expenses from continuing operations 2018	Expenses from ling operations	Operating continuing 2019	Operating result from continuing operations 2018	Grants included in income from continuing operations 2019	Grants included in income from uing operations	Total () n	Total assets held (current and non-current)
Functions or activities										
Governance	142	I	1,059	487	(917)	(487)	28	I	I	I
Administration	251	I	2,481	3,174	(2,230)	(3,174)	I	I	26,830	27,179
Public Order & Safety	140	142	559	581	(419)	(439)	1	116	271	276
Environment & Health	188	100	326	326	(138)	(226)	116	89	1,328	1,383
Community & Cultural Services	319	214	1,681	1,209	(1,362)	(666)	117	464	408	374
Planning & Development	164	209	284	192	(120)	17	I	I	173	173
Waste Management	1,712	1,482	1,548	1,113	164	369	I	27	914	631
Infrastructure	5,662	5,588	7,339	7,857	(1,677)	(2,269)	6,141	3,130	240,094	238,374
Recreational Facilities	142	1,007	1,985	1,733	(1,843)	(726)	7	661	19,122	15,904
Economic Development	36	247	338	409	(302)	(162)	25	52	26	70
Family Day Care	ı	909	I	628	I	(22)	I	209	236	232
Water Supplies	2,005	2,281	1,971	1,846	34	435	15	231	21,040	20,780
Sewerage Services	1,542	1,523	1,268	1,166	274	357	I	19	25,922	25,358
General Purpose Income	12,181	10,130	I	I	12,181	10,130	3,038	4,209	I	I
Joint Ventures	10	37	I	1	10	37	I	I	298	288
Other	1	I	I	I	1	I	(23)	(105)	734	I
Total functions and activities	24,494	23,566	20,839	20,721	3,655	2,845	9,494	9,381	337,426	331,022

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 2(b). Council functions/activities - component descriptions

Details relating to the Council's functions/activities as reported in Note 2(a) are as follows:

#### Governance

Includes costs relating to Council's role as a component of democratic government, including elections, members' fees and expenses, subscriptions to local authority associations, meetings of Council and policy-making committees, public disclosure (e.g. GIPA), and legislative compliance.

#### Administration

- Executive services provision of effective and efficient support to councillors, Council and the community.
- Legal advice and services for Council, its delegates and officers, procure adequate and appropriate insurance coverage at a minimum cost, manage claims against Council and manage litigation by and against Council.
- Provision of management accounting, financial reporting, rates, payroll, creditors, accounts receivable, cashiering, debt recovery and investments.
- Computing and support services to Council
- Management and improvement of the quality, performance, opportunities & safety conditions of Council's staff.
- Civic administration building.

#### **Public Order & Safety**

· Co-operation and liaison with the Rural Fire Service and other Emergency Service organisations

#### **Environment & Health**

- · Protection of the environment, its enhancement and the promotion of environmental sustainability
- · Maintenance of the health standards and safety of premises that are accessible to and impact upon the community
- · Development of an innovative best practice policy to control the incidence of noxious plants
- Companion animal management and issues in relation to straying livestock

#### **Community & Cultural Services**

- · Provision of community, cultural and educational services and facilities to enhance the community's way of life
- · Provision of programs and services for young people between 12-24 years of age
- · Active participation in and co-operation with community organisations in the delivery of Aged & Disability Services
- · Provision for the development and management of a range of community facilities
- · Provision of effective public library lending, information and referral services
- Provision of quality cemetery services and memorial facilities
- Advocate for a strong cultural role in community revitalisation and identity by the encouragement & promotion of local historical, cultural and art organisations and activities

#### **Planning & Development**

- Creation of a quality environment for the community in which land use and development is planned and assessed and the social, environmental, economic, agricultural, heritage and physical wellbeing of the community is enhanced and protected
- Planning the Shire's future whilst embracing the principles of Ecologically Sustainable Development
- Assessment and determination of development applications
- · Regulatory inspections

#### **Waste Management**

- · Effective management of waste collection, minimise waste whilst encouraging commercial and residential recycling
- · Collection & recycling
- Disposal

#### Infrastructure

 Provision of well constructed, maintained and functional roads, drains, public buildings and associated engineering structures; including operational support, construction and maintenance, design, stormwater management and aerodromes

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 2(b). Council functions/activities - component descriptions (continued)

#### **Recreational Facilities**

- · Provision of equitable access to social, cultural, sporting and recreational services and facilities
- Parks, playing fields and reserves
- Recreational buildings and infrastructure
- · Swimming Pools

#### **Economic Development**

- · Development and assistance in the implementation of strategies, programs and policies that will provide employment and a positive environment for the local economy
- Tourism & area promotion
- · Real estate development
- Saleyards and marketsExternal partnerships
- · Camping areas

#### **Water Supplies**

Provision of a cost effective, environmentally sensitive and ecologically sustainable water supply service. Including business plan, service delivery, customer service, demand management, infrastructure management.

#### **Sewerage Services**

Provision of a cost effective, environmentally sensitive & ecologically sustainable sewerage service. Including business plan, service delivery, customer service, demand management, infrastructure management.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 3. Income from continuing operations

\$ '000	2019	2018
(a) Rates and annual charges		
Ordinary rates		
Residential	1,383	1,454
Farmland	3,248	3,178
Mining	274	268
Business	770	561
Rates levied to ratepayers	5,675	5,461
Pensioner rate subsidies received	40	39
Total ordinary rates	5,715	5,500
<b>Annual charges</b> (pursuant to s.496, s.496A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611)		
Domestic waste management services	1,109	943
Stormwater management services	52	52
Water supply services	636	588
Sewerage services	1,096	1,059
Waste management services (non-domestic)	203	228
Less: pensioner rebates (mandatory)	(22)	_
Annual charges levied	3,074	2,870
Pensioner subsidies received:		
– Water	21	20
- Sewerage	20	19
- Domestic waste management	27	27
Total annual charges	3,142	2,936
TOTAL RATES AND ANNUAL CHARGES	8,857	8,436

Council has used 2016 year valuations provided by the NSW Valuer General in calculating its rates.

#### Accounting policy for rates and charges

Rates and annual charges are recognised as revenue when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts.

Pensioner rebates relate to reductions in rates and certain annual charges for eligible pensioners' place of residence in the local government council area that are not subsidised by the NSW Government.

Pensioner rate subsidies are received from the NSW Government to provide a contribution towards the pensioner rebates.

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

\$ '000	2019	2018
(b) User charges and fees		
Specific user charges		
(per s.502 - specific 'actual use' charges)		
Water supply services	1,283	1,301
Sewerage services	377	371
Waste management services (non-domestic)	189	54
Total specific user charges	1,849	1,726

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2019	2018
Other user charges and fees		
(i) Fees and charges – statutory and regulatory functions (per s.608)		400
Planning and building regulation	96	100
Private works – section 67	315	159
Regulatory/ statutory fees	<del>-</del>	1
Registration fees	12	7
Regulatory fees	16	22
Section 10.7 certificates (EP&A Act)	21	41
Section 603 certificates	10	14
Other	2	4
Impounding fees	2	
Total fees and charges – statutory/regulatory	474	348
(ii) Fees and charges – other (incl. general user charges (per s.608))		
Cemeteries	86	71
Community centres	5	22
Gravel pits	288	308
Recycling income (non-domestic)	66	64
Saleyards	20	20
Swimming centres	70	78
Waste disposal tipping fees	94	137
Water connection fees	8	43
Showgrounds	38	32
Macquarie family day care	_	95
Sport and fitness centre	63	41
Other	2	3
Total fees and charges – other	740	914
	3,063	2,988

User charges and fees are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided.

#### (c) Interest and investment revenue (including losses)

Interest on financial assets measured at amortised cost		
<ul> <li>Overdue rates and annual charges (incl. special purpose rates)</li> </ul>	82	55
<ul> <li>Cash and investments</li> </ul>	691	582
Dividend income (other)	237	
TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE	1,010	637
Interest revenue is attributable to:		
Unrestricted investments/financial assets:		
Overdue rates and annual charges (general fund)	48	55
General Council cash and investments	915	405
Restricted investments/funds – external:		
Development contributions		
- Section 64	13	5
Water fund operations	19	102
Sewerage fund operations	15	70
Total interest and investment revenue	1,010	637

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

#### Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

#### Accounting policy for interest and investment revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that interest is earned.

Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### (d) Other revenues

Rental income – other council properties	214	254
Legal fees recovery – rates and charges (extra charges)	21	43
Diesel rebate	63	55
Insurance claims recoveries	4	21
Insurance rebates	56	3
Refunds of contributions	_	4
Other	114	152
TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	472	532

#### Accounting policy for other revenue

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Council and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below. Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Miscellaneous sales are recognised when physical possession has transferred to the customer which is deemed to be the point of transfer of risks and rewards.

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

\$ '000	Operating 2019	Operating 2018	Capital 2019	Capital 2018
(e) Grants				
General purpose (untied)				
Current year allocation				
Financial assistance – general component	1,492	1,351	_	_
Financial assistance – local roads component	718	703	_	-
Payment in advance - future year allocation				
Financial assistance – general component	1,547	1,393	_	-
Financial assistance – local roads component	745	723		-
Total general purpose	4,502	4,170		_
Specific purpose				
Pensioners' rates subsidies:				
– Water	-	_	15	_
<ul> <li>Domestic waste management</li> </ul>	_	_	11	_
- Other	_	_	86	-
Water supplies	_	_	15	211
Bushfire and emergency services	116	116	_	-
continued on next page				Page 20 of 7

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000		Operating 2019	Operating 2018	Capital 2019	Capital 2018
Community care		_	3	_	_
Community centres		_	_	350	63
Economic development		_	52	60	_
Environmental programs		_	_	58	_
Heritage and cultural		1	_	_	_
Library		31	36	_	_
LIRS subsidy		_	_	62	_
Noxious weeds		61	68	_	_
Recreation and culture		_	_	802	661
Street lighting		46	45	_	_
Traffic route subsidy		_	_	76	_
Transport (roads to recovery)		1,105	1,251	_	_
Transport (other roads and bridges funding)		46	353	812	1,371
Black Spot grant funding		_	_	_	110
Community infrastructure grant		276	_	960	362
Family day care – child assistance			420	_	_
Family day care – operational		_	89	_	_
Other		3	_	_	_
Total specific purpose		1,685	2,433	3,307	2,778
Total openie parpoor		1,000		0,007	2,110
Total grants		6,187	6,603	3,307	2,778
Grant revenue is attributable to:					
<ul> <li>Commonwealth funding</li> </ul>		4,475	4,656	_	_
- State funding		1,712	1,947	3,307	2,778
		6,187	6,603	3,307	2,778
\$ '000	Notes	Operating 2019	Operating 2018	Capital 2019	Capital 2018
(f) Contributions					
Developer contributions: (s7.4 & s7.11 - EP&A Act, s64 of the LGA): Cash contributions					
S 7.12 – fixed development consent levies		33			50
Total developer contributions – cash		33	_	_	50
Total developer contributions	21	33	_	_	50
Other contributions: Cash contributions					
Dedications – subdivisions (other than by s7.11)		134	132	_	_
Recreation and culture		-	-	6	3
RMS contributions (regional roads, block grant)		1,199	1,125	77	_
Tourism		1,135	1,123	_	_
Other		49	51	_	_
Employment and training		6	_	_	_
Motor vehicle leaseback			36	_	_
Motor vehicle leaseback <b>Total other contributions – cash</b>		41 1,429	36 1,345		3

continued on next page ...

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	Notes	Operating 2019	Operating 2018	Capital 2019	Capital 2018
Total other contributions		1,429_	1,345	83_	3
<u>Total contributions</u>		1,462	1,345	83	53
TOTAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		7,649	7,948	3,390	2,831

### Accounting policy for grants and contributions

Control over grants and contributions is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) and is valued at the fair value of the granted or contributed asset at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner, or used over a particular period, and those conditions were un-discharged at reporting date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed above.

Council has obligations to provide facilities from contribution revenues levied on developers under the provisions of sections 7.4, 7.11 and 7.12 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

While Council generally incorporates these amounts as part of a Development Consents Order, such developer contributions are only recognised as income upon receipt by Council, due to the possibility that individual development consents may not be acted upon by the applicant and, accordingly, would not be payable to Council.

Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required, but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at reporting date.

\$ '000	2019	2018
(g) Unspent grants and contributions		
Certain grants and contributions are obtained by Council on condition that they be spent in a specified manner:		
Operating grants		
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period	2,553	3,519
Add: operating grants recognised in the current period but not yet spent	2,287	802
<b>Add:</b> operating grants received for the provision of goods and services in a future period	_	_
Less: operating grants recognised in a previous reporting period now spent	(1,101)	(1,768)
Unexpended and held as restricted assets (operating grants)	3,739	2,553
Capital grants		
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period	_	_
Add: capital grants recognised in the current period but not yet spent	_	_
Add: capital grants received for the provision of goods and services in a future period	_	-
Less: capital grants recognised in a previous reporting period now spent	_	_
Unexpended and held as restricted assets (capital grants)	_	_
Contributions		
Unexpended at the close of the previous reporting period	_	_

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 3. Income from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000		2019	2018
Add:	contributions recognised in the current period but not yet spent	_	_
Add:	contributions received for the provision of goods and services in a future period	_	_
Add:	contributions recognised as income in the current period obtained in respect of a future rating identified by Council for the purpose of establishing a rate	_	_
Less:	contributions recognised in a previous reporting period now spent	_	_
Unex	pended and held as restricted assets (contributions)	_	_

### Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations

\$ '000	2019	2018
(a) Employee benefits and on-costs		
Salaries and wages	5,638	5,178
Employee termination costs	_	41
Travel expenses	29	20
Employee leave entitlements (ELE)	547	1,262
Superannuation	731	652
Workers' compensation insurance	229	177
Fringe benefit tax (FBT)	35	25
Training costs (other than salaries and wages)	134	103
Sick leave insurance	4	12
Protective clothing	20	20
Other	22	22
Total employee costs	7,389	7,512
Less: capitalised costs	(765)	(437)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE COSTS EXPENSED	6,624	7,075
Number of 'full-time equivalent' employees (FTE) at year end	79	78

### Accounting policy for employee benefits and on-costs

Employee benefit expenses are recorded when the service has been provided by the employee.

### Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

### Superannuation plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Council participates in a defined benefit plan under the Local Government Superannuation Scheme, however, sufficient information to account for the plan as a defined benefit is not available and therefore Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable – refer to Note 11 for more information.

### (b) Borrowing costs

### (i) Interest bearing liability costs

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000	2019	2018
Interest on loans	93	101
Total interest bearing liability costs expensed	93	101
(ii) Other borrowing costs Fair value adjustments on recognition of advances and deferred debtors		
Total other borrowing costs		_
TOTAL BORROWING COSTS EXPENSED	93	101

### **Accounting policy for borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

\$ '000	2019	2018
(c) Materials and contracts		
Raw materials and consumables	3,083	2,918
Contractor and consultancy costs	2,215	1,577
Auditors remuneration <sup>2</sup>	81	82
Legal expenses:		
<ul><li>Legal expenses: other</li></ul>	30	68
Operating leases:		
<ul> <li>Operating lease rentals: minimum lease payments <sup>1</sup></li> </ul>	37	35
Other	34	6
Total materials and contracts	5,480	4,686
TOTAL MATERIALS AND CONTRACTS	5,480	4,686

### Accounting policy for operating leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to Council as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### 1. Operating lease payments are attributable to:

Other	37	35
	37	35

### 2. Auditor remuneration

During the year, the following fees were incurred for services provided by the auditor of Council, related practices and non-related audit firms

### Auditors of the Council - NSW Auditor-General:

(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	73	82
Remuneration for audit and other assurance services	73	82
Total Auditor-General remuneration	73	82

### Non NSW Auditor-General audit firms

### (ii) Non-assurance services

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

\$ '000		2019	2018
Benchmarking advice		8	_
Remuneration for non-assurance services		8	_
Total remuneration of non NSW Auditor-General audit firms		8	_
Total Auditor remuneration		81	82
Total Additor Tellianeration		01	02
\$ '000	Notes	2019	2018
(d) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and IPP&E			
Depreciation and amortisation			
Plant and equipment		551	387
Office equipment		78	393
Furniture and fittings		11	17
Infrastructure:			
– Buildings		96	_
– Buildings – non-specialised		185	147
– Buildings – specialised		801	617
- Other structures		345	104
– Roads		1,864	2,191
- Bridges		147	243
– Footpaths		_	78
- Other road assets		355	_
– Stormwater drainage		354	203
– Water supply network		483	616
- Sewerage network		439	433
- Swimming pools		_	41
Other open space/recreational assets		_	139
Other infrastructure		141	10
Other assets:			10
- Aerodrome		_	226
Intangible assets		_	119
Total gross depreciation and amortisation costs		5,850	5,964
Total depreciation and amortisation costs		5,850	5,964
Impairment / revaluation decrement of IPP&E			
Infrastructure:			
– Buildings – specialised		116	_
<ul> <li>Other infrastructure</li> </ul>		8	_
Intangible assets		125	
Total gross IPP&E impairment / revaluation decrement costs / (reversals)		249	
Total IDD0 F improjument / movel total do constitute of			_
Total IPP&E impairment / revaluation decrement costs /		0.40	
(reversals) charged to Income Statement		249	
TOTAL DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND			
IMPAIRMENT / REVALUATION DECREMENT FOR			
		6.000	E 004
INTANGIBLES AND IPP&E		6,099	5,964

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 4. Expenses from continuing operations (continued)

### Accounting policy for depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses of intangibles and IPP&E

### **Depreciation and amortisation**

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives. Useful lives are included in Note 10 for IPPE assets.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment losses for revalued assets are firstly offset against the amount in the revaluation surplus for the class of asset, with only the excess to be recognised in the Income Statement.

\$ '000	2019	2018
(e) Other expenses		
Advertising	78	117
Bad and doubtful debts	57	20
Bank charges	30	36
Child care – carers payments	_	432
Computer software charges	112	159
Contributions/levies to other levels of government		
Contributions/levies to other levels of government		
Contributions/levies to other levels of government	111	_
- Emergency services levy (includes FRNSW, SES, and RFS levies)	9	11
- Macquarie regional library	381	367
<ul> <li>NSW fire brigade levy</li> </ul>	32	32
– NSW rural fire service levy	223	229
Councillor expenses – mayoral fee	26	25
Councillor expenses – councillors' fees	107	102
Councillors' expenses (incl. mayor) – other (excluding fees above)	43	37
Donations, contributions and assistance to other organisations (Section 356)	58	52
Election expenses	_	49
Electricity and heating	395	380
Insurance	383	383
Office expenses (including computer expenses)	58	78
Postage	19	5
Street lighting	201	146
Subscriptions and publications	99	128
Telephone and communications	55	73
Valuation fees	53	29
Other	13	5
Total other expenses	2,543	2,895
TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES	2,543	2,895

### **Accounting policy for other expenses**

Other expenses are recorded on an accruals basis as the Council receives the goods or services.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 5. Gains or losses from the disposal, replacement and de-recognition of assets

\$ '000	Notes	2019	2018
Plant and equipment	9(a)		
Proceeds from disposal – plant and equipment		230	544
Less: carrying amount of plant and equipment assets sold/written off		(187)	(571)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal		43	(27)
Real estate assets held for sale	8		
Proceeds from disposal – real estate assets		_	411
Less: carrying amount of real estate assets sold/written off		_	(227)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal			184
Investments	6(b)		
Proceeds from disposal/redemptions/maturities – investments		24,000	25,570
Less: carrying amount of investments sold/redeemed/matured		(24,000)	(25,570)
Net gain/(loss) on disposal			_
NET GAIN/(LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS	_	43	157

### Accounting policy for disposal of assets

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Income Statement.

The gain or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer and the asset is de-recognised.

### Note 6(a). Cash and cash equivalent assets

\$ '000	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand and at bank	1,659	107
Cash-equivalent assets		
- Deposits at call	_	928
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,659	1,035

### Accounting policy for cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents include: cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

### Note 6(b). Investments

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
\$ 000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Investments				
- 'Held for trading'	5,573	_	_	_
<b>b.</b> 'Financial assets at amortised cost' / 'held to maturity' (2018)	17,000	_	23,320	-
Total Investments	22,573		23,320	_

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 6(b). Investments (continued)

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
TOTAL CASH ASSETS, CASH				
EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS	24,232	_	24,355	_
Financial assets at fair value through the profit ar Managed funds Unlisted equity securities	5,523	- -	- -	- -
Total	5,573	_		_
Financial assets at amortised cost / held to matur	rity (2018)			
Long term deposits	17,000		23,320	
Total	17,000		23,320	

### **Accounting policy for investments**

### Accounting policy under AASB 9 – applicable from 1 July 2018

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Council becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

### Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

### Classification

On initial recognition, Council classifies its financial assets into the following categories - those measured at:

- amortised cost
- fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instrument (FVOCI-equity)

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition.

### **Amortised cost**

Assets measured at amortised cost are financial assets where:

- · the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Council's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income, impairment and gains or loss on de-recognition are recognised in profit or loss.

### Fair value through other comprehensive income – equity instruments

Council has a number of strategic investments in entities over which they do not have significant influence nor control. Council has made an irrevocable election to classify these equity investments as fair value through other comprehensive income as they are not held for trading purposes.

These investments are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income (financial asset reserve). On disposal any balance in the financial asset reserve is transferred to accumulated surplus and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 6(b). Investments (continued)

Other net gains and losses excluding dividends are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income Statement.

### Financial assets through profit or loss

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Council's financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise investments in FRNs and NCDs in the Statement of Financial Position.

### Accounting policy under AASB 139 - applicable for 2018 comparatives only

### Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; loans and receivables; held-to-maturity investments; and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held-to-maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

### (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Assets in this category are held at fair value with changes in value taken through profit or loss at each reporting period.

### (b) Held to maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Assets in this category are measured at amortised cost.

### (c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in other receivables (Note 7) and receivables (Note 7) in the Statement of Financial Position. Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

### (d) Available for sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term. Assets in this category are held at fair value with changes in fair value taken to other comprehensive income.

### Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date: the date on which Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the Income Statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

### Impairment of financial assets

Council assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 6(b). Investments (continued)

### Impairment of available for sale investments

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

### Note 6(c). Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details

\$ '000	2019 Current	2019 Non-current	2018 Current	2018 Non-current
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	24,232		24,355	
attributable to:				
External restrictions	11,602	_	13,410	_
Internal restrictions	8,311	_	7,690	_
Unrestricted	4,319	_	3,255	_
	24,232		24,355	_
\$ '000			2019	2018
Details of restrictions				
External restrictions – included in liabilities				
Specific purpose unexpended loans – general				5
External restrictions – included in liabilities				5
External restrictions – other				
Developer contributions – general			299	259
Developer contributions – water fund			144	141
Developer contributions – sewer fund			77	75
Specific purpose unexpended grants			1,452	2,058
Water supplies			2,151	4,062
Sewerage services			6,387	5,439
Domestic waste management			842	926
Board of control			142	105
OROC			38	205
OROC – Unexpended Grants			70	135
External restrictions – other			11,602	13,405
Total external restrictions			11,602	13,410
Internal restrictions				
Administration building			8	33
Aerodrome development			147	153
Alkane community contributions			106	87
Alkane environmental monitoring			92	69
Alkane roads contribution			_	55
Alkane Tomingley water tank project			80	60
Carry over works			1,600	1,340
Cemetery improvements			26	26
Community hall upgrades			_	34
Council buildings			62	52

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 6(c). Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments – details (continued)

\$ '000	2019	2018
Drainage construction	322	122
Economic development reserve	12	12
Election expenses	32	19
Employees leave entitlement	545	545
FAGS advance grant	2,287	2,116
Family day care	_	199
Footpaths	16	5
Industrial land - Aerodrome	752	_
Irrigation System Establishment	72	72
IT strategy	129	129
Kerb and gutter	210	238
Land development	499	499
Library improvements	133	140
Medical centre	144	91
Natfly	4	4
Office equipment	7	21
OHS	102	84
Parks Amenities	95	95
Plant and vehicle replacement	_	306
Playground equipment	76	50
Playground Fencing	33	33
Playground shade	49	49
Pound improvements	8	16
Public amenities upgrade	45	35
Quarries	264	484
Showground improvements	_	1
Softfall Establishment	73	73
Sporting Facility Upgrades	54	146
Sports centre upgrades	35	25
Stormwater – levee bank	2	2
Street lighting	9	9
Street tree planting/irrigation	7	9
Swimming facilities upgrades	42	25
Tomingley - Dicken Park Landscaping	5	_
Trangie Historical Group	1	1
Wetlands development	46	46
Youth education activities	18	18
Total internal restrictions	8,311	7,690
TOTAL RESTRICTIONS	19,913	21,100

### Note 7. Receivables

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Purpose				
Rates and annual charges	670	276	623	269
Interest and extra charges	62	55	133	47
User charges and fees Accrued revenues	842	181	528	142

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 7. Receivables (continued)

\$ '000	2019 Current	2019 Non-current	2018 Current	2018 Non-current
<del>φ 000</del>	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
<ul> <li>Interest on investments</li> </ul>	51	_	110	-
Government grants and subsidies	_	_	527	_
Net GST receivable	259	_	141	_
Other debtors	88		36	_
Total	1,972	512	2,098	458
Less: provision of impairment				
Interest and extra charges	(33)	_	_	_
User charges and fees	(18)		(24)	
Total provision for impairment –				
receivables	(51)	<u> </u>	(24)	_
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	1,921	512	2,074	458
Externally restricted receivables Water supply  - Rates and availability charges  - Other Sewerage services  - Rates and availability charges  - Other	50 293 129 160	5 194 39 -	40 272 86 178	24 178 66
Domestic waste management Other	145	56	68	43
- Unspent grants	_	_	466	_
Total external restrictions	777	294	1,110	311
Unrestricted receivables	1,144	218	964	147
TOTAL NET RECEIVABLES	1,921	512	2,074	458
\$ '000			2019	2018
Movement in provision for impairment o	of receivables			
Balance at the beginning of the year (calculated		AASB 139)	24	_
+ new provisions recognised during the year		/	28	24

### **Accounting policy for receivables**

### **Recognition and measurement**

Receivables are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current assets.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 7. Receivables (continued)

### **Impairment**

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly.

An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired.

When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Income Statement.

### Accounting policy under AASB 9 applicable from 1 July 2018

Impairment of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, and when estimating ECL, the Council considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on Council's historical experience and informed credit assessment, and including forward-looking information.

When considering the ECL for rates debtors, Council takes into account that unpaid rates represent a charge against the rateable property that will be recovered when the property is next sold. For non-rates debtors, Council uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Council uses the presentation that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Council in full, without recourse by the Council to actions such as realising security (if any is held) or
- the financial assets (for non-rates debtors) are more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract, and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

The Council writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the receivables are over 5 years past due, whichever occurs first.

Where the Council renegotiates the terms of receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

### Accounting policy under AASB 139 - applicable for 2018 comparatives only

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that the Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 7. Receivables (continued)

When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Income Statement.

Rates and annual charges outstanding are secured against the property.

### Note 8. Inventories and other assets

\$ '000	2019 Current	2019 Non-current	2018 Current	2018 Non-current
(a) Inventories				
(i) Inventories at cost				
Real estate for resale	600	_	471	_
Stores and materials	254		543	
Total inventories at cost	854		1,014	
TOTAL INVENTORIES	854		1,014	
(b) Other assets				
Prepayments	90		115	
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	90		115	_

### **Externally restricted assets**

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current

There are no restrictions applicable to the above assets.

### (i) Other disclosures

		2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
(a) Details for real estate development					
Residential		499	_	404	_
Industrial/commercial		101	_	67	_
Total real estate for resale	_	600		471	_
(Valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value)					
Represented by:					
Acquisition costs		348	_	313	_
Development costs		252	_	158	_
Total costs	_	600		471	_
Total real estate for resale		600	_	471	_

continued on next page ...

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 8. Inventories and other assets (continued)

	2019	2019	2018	2018
Notes	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
	471	_	439	_
	129	_	259	_
5	_	_	(227)	_
_	600		471	_
		Notes <b>Current</b> 471 129 5	Notes	Notes         Current         Non-current         Current           471         -         439           129         -         259           5         -         -         (227)

### (b) Current assets not anticipated to be settled within the next 12 months

The following inventories and other assets, even though classified as current are not expected to be recovered in the next 12 months:

\$ '000	2019	2018
Real estate for resale	538	471
	538	471

### Accounting policy for inventories and other assets

### Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### Inventory held for distribution

Inventory held for distribution is held at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

### Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed, borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

# Note 9(a). Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

		as at 30/6/2018			Asset	t movements durir	Asset movements during the reporting period	riod			as at 30/6/2019	
000, \$	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation	Net Carrying amount	Additions renewals 1	Additions new assets	Depreciation expense	Impairment loss / revaluation decrements (recognised in P/L)	Revaluation decrements to equity (ARR)	Revaluation increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation	Net carrying amount
Capital work in progress	2.196	ı	2.196	164	I	I	I	I	ı	2.418	I	2.418
Plant and equipment	7,723	(3,796)	3,927	831	304	(551)	I	I	I	8,023	(3,627)	4,396
Office equipment	1,264	(781)	483	43	I	(78)	I	I	I	1,097	(821)	276
Furniture and fittings	300	(254)	46	I	I	(11)	I	I	I	300	(265)	35
Land:	7 750		7 150							7 150		7 150
- Comminity land	1,100		1,158							1,158		1,130
Infrastructure:			2							2		
– Buildings	I	I	I	I	I	(96)	I	I	I	I	I	I
- Buildings - non-specialised	5,573	(2,547)	3,026	I	29	(185)	I	I	ı	5,602	(2,732)	2,870
<ul><li>Buildings – specialised</li></ul>	32,721	(16,177)	16,544	1,093	I	(801)	(116)	I	I	33,613	(16,953)	16,660
<ul><li>Other structures</li></ul>	3,249	(1,008)	2,241	1,179	I	(345)	I	(257)	459	4,762	(1,256)	3,506
- Roads	229,331	(35,964)	193,367	2,970	516	(1,864)	I	I	I	232,828	(38,253)	194,575
- Bridges	25,524	(6,372)	19,152	I	I	(147)	I	I	I	25,524	(6,615)	18,909
<ul><li>Footpaths</li></ul>	3,404	(1,621)	1,783	83	I	I	I	I	I	3,488	(1,699)	1,789
<ul> <li>Other road assets</li> </ul>	I	I	I	I	I	(322)	I	I	I	414	(149)	265
<ul> <li>Stormwater drainage</li> </ul>	20,423	(6,913)	13,510	230	45	(354)	I	I	I	20,698	(7,116)	13,582
<ul> <li>– Water supply network</li> </ul>	26,932	(12,383)	14,549	1,698	248	(483)	I	(206)	431	29,309	(13,072)	16,237
<ul> <li>Sewerage network</li> </ul>	27,208	(8,679)	18,529	368	12	(439)	I	(146)	435	28,024	(9,264)	18,760
- Swimming pools	2,712	(1,065)	1,647	556	82	I	I	(66)	92	3,427	(1,214)	2,213
<ul> <li>Other open space/recreational assets</li> </ul>	3,610	(1,908)	1,702	1,054	83	I	I	06	95	4,840	(1,949)	2,891
<ul> <li>Other infrastructure</li> <li>Other assets:</li> </ul>	386	(149)	237	38	I	(141)	(8)	ı	I	ı	I	I
– Aerodrome	15.849	(12.308)	3.541	27	I	I	ı	138	181	16.278	(12.542)	3.736
- Intangibles	449	(119)	330	1	144	ı	ı	. 1	. 1	1 008	(515)	493
Total Infrastructure, property,		()									(212)	
plant and equipment	414,762	(112,044)	302,718	10,334	1,463	(5,850)	(124)	(480)	1,674	427,561	(118,042)	309,519

<sup>(1)</sup> Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

as at 30/6/2018	
Asset movements during the reporting period	
as at 30/6/2017	

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# Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 9(a). Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

000. \$	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation	Net carrying amount	Additions renewals 1	Additions new assets	Carrying value of disposals	Depreciation expense	WIP transfers	Revaluation increments to equity (ARR)	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depreciation	Net carrying amount
Capital work in progress	3,491	I	3,491	144	I	I	I	(1,438)	I	2,196	I	2,196
Plant and equipment	7,684	(4,095)	3,589	1,282	I	(571)	(387)	14	I	7,723	(3,796)	3,927
Office equipment	1,003	(387)	616	236	24	I	(393)	I	I	1,264	(781)	483
Furniture and fittings	300	(237)	63	I	I	I	(17)	I	I	300	(254)	46
Land:												
<ul> <li>Operational land</li> </ul>	3,818	I	3,818	I	I	I	I	I	333	4,150	I	4,150
<ul> <li>Community land</li> </ul>	1,874	I	1,874	I	I	I	I	I	(116)	1,758	I	1,758
Infrastructure:												
<ul> <li>Buildings – non–specialised</li> </ul>	5,202	(2,638)	2,564	7	I	I	(147)	I	602	5,573	(2,547)	3,026
<ul> <li>Buildings – specialised</li> </ul>	28,880	(13,040)	15,840	635	I	I	(617)	145	541	32,721	(16,177)	16,544
<ul><li>Other structures</li></ul>	3,075	(906)	2,170	162	I	I	(104)	13	I	3,249	(1,008)	2,241
- Roads	226,031	(33,772)	192,259	2,842	10	I	(2,191)	448	I	229,331	(35,964)	193,367
- Bridges	24,719	(6,129)	18,590	805	I	I	(243)	I	I	25,524	(6,372)	19,152
<ul><li>Footpaths</li></ul>	3,398	(1,543)	1,855	9	I	I	(78)	I	I	3,404	(1,621)	1,783
<ul> <li>Stormwater drainage</li> </ul>	20,386	(6,711)	13,675	39	I	I	(203)	I	I	20,423	(6,913)	13,510
<ul> <li>– Water supply network</li> </ul>	24,433	(11,486)	12,947	1,325	6	I	(616)	517	366	26,932	(12,383)	14,549
<ul> <li>Sewerage network</li> </ul>	26,308	(8,068)	18,240	16	24	I	(433)	301	381	27,208	(8,679)	18,529
– Swimming pools	2,601	(1,023)	1,578	111	I	I	(41)	I	I	2,712	(1,065)	1,647
<ul> <li>Other open space/recreational assets</li> </ul>	3,529	(1,770)	1,759	59	22	I	(139)	I	I	3,610	(1,908)	1,702
<ul><li>Other infrastructure</li><li>Other assets:</li></ul>	386	(139)	247	I	I	I	(10)	I	I	386	(149)	237
– Aerodrome	15,681	(12,082)	3,599	168	I	I	(226)	I	I	15,849	(12,308)	3,541
– Intangibles	I	I	I	I	449	I	(119)	I	I	449	(119)	330
Total Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	402,799	(104,025)	298,774	7,837	538	(571)	(5,964)	I	2,107	414,762	(112,044)	302,718

(1) Renewals are defined as the replacement of existing assets (as opposed to the acquisition of new assets).

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 9(a). Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

### Accounting policy for infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment are held at fair value. Independent valuations are performed at least every five years, however the carrying amount of assets is assessed at each reporting date to confirm that it is not materially different from current fair value.

Water and sewerage network assets are indexed at each reporting period in accordance with the Rates Reference Manual issued by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW).

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss relating to that asset class, the increase is first recognised as profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of assets in the same class are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the class; all other decreases are charged to the Income Statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant and equipment	Years	Other equipment	Years
Office equipment	5 to 10	Playground equipment	5 to 15
Office furniture	10 to 20	Benches, seats etc.	10 to 20
Computer equipment	4		
Vehicles	5 to 20	Buildings	
Heavy plant/road making equipment	5 to 20	Buildings: masonry	50 to 100
Other plant and equipment	5 to 50	Buildings: other	20 to 40
Water and sewer assets		Stormwater assets	
Dams and reservoirs	80 to 100	Drains	80 to 100
Bores	20 to 40	Culverts	50 to 100
Reticulation pipes: PVC	70 to 80	Flood control structures	80 to 100
Reticulation pipes: other	25 to 100		
Pumps and telemetry	15 to 75		
Transportation assets		Other infrastructure assets	
Sealed roads: surface	15 to 30	Bulk earthworks	infinite
Sealed roads: structure	20 to 50	Swimming pools	50 to 70
Unsealed roads	10 to 30	Other open space/recreational assets	10 to 100
Bridge: concrete	80 to 100	Other infrastructure	50 to 100
Bridge: other	50 to 80		
Road pavements	60 to 90		
Kerb, gutter and footpaths	40 to 100		

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the Income Statement.

### Land under roads

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

Council has elected to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008 in accordance with AASB 1051.

Land under roads acquired after 1 July 2008 is recognised in accordance with AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 9(a). Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (continued)

### **Crown reserves**

Crown reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating to the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

### **Rural Fire Service assets**

Under Section 119 of the *Rural Fire Services Act 1997 (NSW)*, "all firefighting equipment purchased or constructed wholly or from money to the credit of the Fund is to be vested in the council of the area for or on behalf of which the firefighting equipment has been purchased or constructed".

Until such time as discussions on this matter have concluded and the legislation changed, Council will not recognise rural fire service assets including land, buildings, plant and vehicles.

### Note 9(b). Externally restricted infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

		2019			2018	
\$ '000	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depn. and impairment	Net carrying amount	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated depn. and impairment	Net carrying amount
Water supply						
WIP	815	_	815	794	_	794
Plant and equipment Land	491	133	358	137	131	6
- Operational land	673	_	673	673	_	673
Other structures	118	_	118	118	77	41
Infrastructure	29,309	13,072	16,237	26,931	12,383	14,548
Total water supply	31,406	13,205	18,201	28,653	12,591	16,062
Sewerage services						
WIP	72	_	72	586	_	586
Plant and equipment	_	_	_	110	45	65
Land						
<ul> <li>Operational land</li> </ul>	226	_	226	226	_	226
Buildings	125	52	73	125	49	76
Other structures	_	_	_	59	25	34
Infrastructure	28,024	9,264	18,760	27,208	8,680	18,528
Total sewerage services	28,447	9,316	19,131	28,314	8,799	19,515
Domestic waste management						
Plant and equipment Land	273	248	25	401	361	40
- Community land	98	_	98	98	_	98
Buildings	157	60	97	215	54	161
Other assets	497	248	249	445	123	322
Total DWM	1,025	556	469	1,159	538	621
TOTAL RESTRICTED						
I,PP&E	60,878	23,077	37,801	58,126	21,928	36,198

### Note 10. Payables and borrowings

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 10. Payables and borrowings (continued)

\$ '000	2019 Current	2019 Non-current	2018 Current	2018 Non-current
Payables				
Goods and services – operating expenditure	1,431	_	681	_
Goods and services – capital expenditure Accrued expenses:	565	-	155	-
– Borrowings	9	_	8	_
<ul> <li>Other expenditure accruals</li> </ul>	19	_	_	_
Security bonds, deposits and retentions	30	_	25	_
Other	22		15	_
Total payables	2,076		884	_
Income received in advance				
Payments received in advance	227	_	186	_
Total income received in advance	227		186	_
Borrowings				
Loans – secured 1	390	2,858	385	2,494
Total borrowings	390	2,858	385	2,494
TOTAL PAYABLES AND	0.000	0.050	4 455	0.404
BORROWINGS	2,693	2,858	1,455	2,494

<sup>(1)</sup> Loans are secured over the general rating income of Council. Disclosures on liability interest rate risk exposures, fair value disclosures and security can be found in Note 20.

### (a) Payables and borrowings relating to restricted assets

There are no restricted assets (external or internal) applicable to the above payables and borrowings

### (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

	as at 30/6/2018		Non-cash	changes		as at 30/6/2019
\$ '000	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non-cash acquisitions	Non-cash fair value changes	Other non-cash movements	Closing balance
Loans – secured	2,879	(383)	752	_	_	3,248
TOTAL	2,879	(383)	752	_	_	3,248

	as at 30/6/2017		Non-cash	changes		as at 30/6/2018
\$ '000	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non-cash acquisitions	Non-cash fair value changes	Other non-cash movements	Closing balance
Loans – secured	3,042	(363)	200	_		2,879
TOTAL	3,042_	(363)	200	_		2,879

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 10. Payables and borrowings (continued)

\$ '000	2019	2018
(c) Financing arrangements		
(i) Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:		
Credit cards/purchase cards	60	60
Total financing arrangements	60	60
Undrawn facilities as at balance date:		
- Credit cards/purchase cards	60	60
Total undrawn financing arrangements	60	60

### Accounting policy for payables and borrowings

Council measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Council comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and finance lease liabilities.

### **Payables**

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the council prior to the end of financial year that are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

### Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Income Statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective-interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent that there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the Statement of Financial Position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

### Note 11. Provisions

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Provisions				
Employee benefits				
Annual leave	460	_	696	_
Long service leave	957	50	1,059	56
Other leave	159	_	6	_
Sub-total – aggregate employee benefits	1,576	50	1,761	56
Asset remediation/restoration:				
Asset remediation/restoration (future works)	_	144	_	_

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 11. Provisions (continued)

	2019	2019	2018	2018
\$ '000	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current
Sub-total – asset remediation/restoration	_	144	_	
TOTAL PROVISIONS	1,576	194	1,761	56
(a) Provisions relating to restricted assets				
Total provisions relating to restricted assets	_		_	_
Total provisions relating to unrestricted assets	1,576	194	1,761	56
TOTAL PROVISIONS	1,576	194	1,761	56
\$ '000			2019	2018
(b) Current provisions not anticipated to be settled months	d within the r	next twelve		
The following provisions, even though classified as current, in the next 12 months.	are not expect	ted to be settled		
Provisions – employees benefits			899	1,115
			899	1,115

### (c) Description of and movements in provisions

	ELE provisions				
\$ '000	Annual leave	Long service leave	Other employee benefits	Total	
2019					
At beginning of year	696	1,115	6	1,817	
Other	(236)	(108)	153	(191)	
Total ELE provisions at end of period	460	1,007	159	1,626	
2018					
At beginning of year	632	1,157	37	1,826	
Additional provisions	567	80	(20)	627	
Amounts used (payments)	(503)	(122)	(11)	(636)	
Total ELE provisions at end of period	696	1,115	6	1,817	

	Other provi	sions
\$ '000	Asset remediation	Total
2019		
Other	144	144
Total other provisions at end of period	144	144

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 11. Provisions (continued)

### **Accounting policy for provisions**

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

### **Employee benefits**

### **Short-term obligations**

Liabilities for wages and salaries (including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service) are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

### Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long-service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

### **On-costs**

The employee benefit provisions include the aggregate on-cost liabilities that will arise when payment of current employee benefits is made in future periods.

These amounts include superannuation, payroll tax and workers compensation expenses which will be payable upon the future payment of certain leave liabilities which employees are entitled to at the reporting period.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

### Note 12. Accumulated surplus, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors

### (a) Nature and purpose of reserves

### Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve

The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments / decrements of non-current asset values due to their revaluation.

### (b) Changes in accounting policies due to adoption of new accounting standards (not-retrospective)

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 12. Accumulated surplus, revaluation reserves, changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors (continued)

During the year, Council adopted a number of new accounting standards. The impact of the adoption and associated transition disclosures are shown below.

The Council has adopted AASB 9 Financial Instruments for the first time in the current year with a date of initial adoption of 1 July 2017. As part of the adoption of AASB 9, the Council adopted consequential amendments to other accounting standards arising from the issue of AASB 9 as follows:

- AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements requires the impairment of financial assets to be presented in a separate line item in the income statement. In prior year, this information was presented as part of other expenses.
- AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures requires amended disclosures due to changes arising from AASB 9. These
  disclosures have been provided for the current year.

The key changes to Council's accounting policy and the impact on these financial statements from applying AASB 9 are described below.

Changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of AASB 9 have been applied retrospectively except Council has not restated any amounts relating to classification and measurement requirements, including impairment, which have been applied from 1 July 2018.

### Classification of financial assets

The financial assets of Council have been reclassified into one of the following categories on adoption of AASB 9, based primarily on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics are:

- measured at amortised cost
- fair value through profit or loss
- fair value through other comprehensive income equity instruments

### Measurement of equity instruments

All equity instruments of the Council are measured at fair value under AASB 9 whereas there was a cost exception under AASB 139 that allowed certain unlisted investments to be carried at amortised cost in the absence of a reliable measurement of fair value. Any difference in the previous carrying amount and the fair value is recognised in the opening retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at 1 July 2018.

Equity instruments are no longer subject to impairment testing and therefore all movements on equity instruments, classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, are taken to the relevant reserve.

### Impairment of financial assets

The incurred loss model from AASB 139 has been replaced with an expected credit loss model in AASB 9 for assets measured at amortised cost. This has resulted in the earlier recognition of credit loss (bad debt provisions).

### Note 13. Statement of cash flows - additional information

\$ '000	Notes	2019	2018
(a) Reconciliation of cash assets			
Total cash and cash equivalent assets	6(a)	1,659	1,035
Balance as per the Statement of Cash Flows		1.659	1.035

### (b) Reconciliation of net operating result to cash provided from operating activities

Net operating result from Income Statement Adjust for non-cash items:

3,655

2,845

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 13. Statement of cash flows - additional information (continued)

\$ '000	2019	2018
Depreciation and amortisation	5,850	5,964
Net losses/(gains) on disposal of assets	(43)	(157)
Losses/(gains) recognised on fair value re-measurements through the P&L:		
- Revaluation decrements / impairments of IPP&E direct to P&L	249	_
Share of net (profits)/losses of associates/joint ventures using the equity method	(10)	(37)
+/- Movement in operating assets and liabilities and other cash items:		
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	72	(759)
Increase/(decrease) in provision for impairment of receivables	27	24
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	289	(212)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	25	(108)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	750	13
Increase/(decrease) in accrued interest payable	1	2
Increase/(decrease) in other accrued expenses payable	19	(1)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	53	41
Increase/(decrease) in provision for employee benefits	(191)	(10)
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	144	_
Net cash provided from/(used in) operating activities		
from the Statement of Cash Flows	10,890	7,605

### Note 14. Interests in other entities

	Council's share of r	net income	Council's share of r	net assets
\$ '000	2019	2018	2019	2018
Joint ventures	10	37	298	288
Total	10	37	298	288

### Joint arrangements

### (i) Joint ventures

The following information is provided for joint ventures that are individually material to the Council. Included are the total amounts as per the joint venture financial statements, adjusted for fair-value adjustments at acquisition date and differences in accounting policies, rather than the Council's share.

### (a) Net carrying amounts - Council's share

	Nature of relationship	Measurement method	2019	2018
Macquarie Regional Library	Joint Venture	Equity Method	298	288
Total carrying amounts – material joint ventures			298	288

### (b) Details

	Principal activity	Place of business
Macquarie Regional Library	Provision of Library Services	Narromine

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 14. Interests in other entities (continued)

### (c) Relevant interests and fair values

	Interes outpu		Interes owners		Proporti voting p	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Macquarie Regional Library	14.0%	14.0%	14.0%	14.0%	25.0%	25.0%

### (d) Summarised financial information for joint ventures

	Macquarie Region	al Library
	2019	2018
Statement of financial position		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,597	1,930
Other current assets	19	31
Non-current assets	1,245	1,128
Current liabilities		
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	93	311
Other current liabilities	598	698
Non-current liabilities		
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables and provisions)	49	32
Net assets	2,121	2,048
Reconciliation of the carrying amount		
Opening net assets (1 July)	2,049	1,828
Profit/(loss) for the period	74	221
Closing net assets	2,123	2,049
Council's share of net assets (%)	14.0%	14.1%
Council's share of net assets (\$)	297	288
Statement of comprehensive income		
Income	2,962	2,883
Interest income	45	45
Depreciation and amortisation	(340)	(331)
Other expenses	(2,593)	(2,376)
Profit/(loss) from continuing operations	74	221
Profit/(loss) for the period	74	221
Total comprehensive income	74	221
Share of income – Council (%)	14.0%	16.7%
Profit/(loss) – Council (\$)	10	37
Total comprehensive income – Council (\$)	10	37

Accounting policy for joint arrangements *Joint ventures:* 

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 14. Interests in other entities (continued)

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method in accordance with AASB128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.

Under this method, the investment is initially recognised as a cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the council's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the joint venture after the date of acquisition.

If the council's share of losses of a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, the council discontinues recognising its share of further losses.

The council's share in the joint venture's gains or losses arising from transactions between itself and its joint venture are eliminated.

Adjustments are made to the joint venture's accounting policies where they are different from those of the council for the purposes of the consolidated financial statements.

### Note 15. Commitments

\$ '000	2019	2018
(a) Capital commitments (exclusive of GST)		
Capital expenditure committed for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:		
Property, plant and equipment		
Plant and equipment	2	286
Sports & Recreation	230	918
Other	508	
Total commitments	740	1,204
These expenditures are payable as follows:		
Within the next year	740	1,204
Total payable	740	1,204
Sources for funding of capital commitments:		
Unrestricted general funds	487	386
Future grants and contributions	253	818
Total sources of funding	740	1,204

### (b) Operating lease commitments (non-cancellable)

### a. Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at the reporting date, but not recognised as liabilities are payable:

Within the next year	25	15
Later than one year and not later than 5 years	27	7
Total non-cancellable operating lease commitments	52	22

### b. Non-cancellable operating leases include the following assets:

Council utilises computer and copier equipment assets under operating lease.

Contingent Rentals may be payable depending on the condition of items or usage during the lease term.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 16. Contingencies and other assets/liabilities not recognised

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position, but their knowledge and disclosure is considered relevant to the users of Council's financial report.

### LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED

### 1. Guarantees

### (i) Defined benefit superannuation contribution plans

Council participates in an employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation scheme, and makes contributions as determined by the superannuation scheme's trustees.

Member councils bear responsibility of ensuring there are sufficient funds available to pay out the required benefits as they fall due.

The scheme's most recent full actuarial review indicated that the net assets of the scheme were not sufficient to meet the accrued benefits of the schemes defined benefit member category with member councils required to make significantly higher contributions in future years.

The Local Government Superannuation Scheme however is unable to provide Council with an accurate estimate of its share of the net deficit and accordingly Council has not recorded any net liability from its defined benefit scheme obligations in accordance with AASB 119.

Future contributions made to the defined benefit scheme to rectify the net deficit position will be recognised as an expense when they become payable – similar to the accounting for defined contributions plans.

Member councils are treated as Pooled Employers for the purpose of AASB119. Pooled Employers are required to pay standard employer contributions and additional lump sum contributions to the Fund.

The standard employer contributions were determined using the new entrant rate method under which a contribution rate sufficient to fund the total benefits over the working life-time of a typical new entrant is calculated. The current standard employer contribution rates are:

Division B	1.9 times employee contributions
Division C	2.5% salaries
Division D	1.64 times employee contributions

The additional lump sum contribution for each Pooled Employer is a share of the total additional contributions of \$40.0 million per annum from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2021, apportioned according to each employer's share of the accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2018. These additional lump sum contributions are used to fund the deficit of assets to accrued liabilities as at 30 June 2018.

The adequacy of contributions is assessed at each triennial actuarial investigation and monitored annually between triennials.

As stated above, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses.

However, there is no relief under the Fund's trust deed for employers to walk away from their defined benefit obligations. Under limited circumstances, an employer may withdraw from the plan when there are no active members, on full payment of outstanding additional contributions. There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of the entity.

There are no specific provisions under the Fund's trust deed dealing with deficits or surplus on wind-up.

There is no provision for allocation of any surplus which may be present at the date of withdrawal of an employer.

The plan is a defined benefit plan. However, each sponsoring employer is exposed to the actuarial risks associated with current and former employees of other sponsoring employers and hence shares in the associated gains and losses (to the extent that they are not borne by members). As such, there is not sufficient reliable information to allow each sponsoring employer to account for its proportionate share of the defined benefit obligation, sub-group assets and costs associated with the sub-group in the same way as it would for a single employer sponsored defined benefit plan.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 16. Contingencies and other assets/liabilities not recognised (continued)

The amount of Council employer contributions to the defined benefit section of the Local Government Superannuation Scheme and recognised as an expense and disclosed as part of superannuation expenses at Note 4 (a) for the year ending 30 June 2019 was \$ 177,916.79

The last valuation of the scheme was performed by Mr Richard Boyfield FIAA (AFS Licence # 411770) on 31/12/2018 and covers the period ended 30/06/18.

Council's expected contribution to the Fund for the next annual reporting period is \$106,161.88.

The estimated employer reserves financial position for the Pooled Employers at 30 June 2019 is:

Employer reserves only *	\$millions	Asset Coverage
Assets	1,798.7	
Past Service Liabilities	1,784.2	100.8%
Vested Benefits	1,792.0	100.4%

<sup>\*</sup> excluding member accounts and reserves in both assets and liabilities.

The key economic long term assumptions used to calculate the present value of accrued benefits are:

Investment return	5.75% per annum
Salary inflation *	3.5% per annum
Increase in CPI	2.5% per annum

<sup>\*</sup> Plus promotional increases

The contribution requirements may vary from the current rates if the overall sub-group experience is not in line with the actuarial assumptions in determining the funding program; however, any adjustment to the funding program would be the same for all sponsoring employers in the Pooled Employers group.

Please note that the estimated employer reserves financial position above is a preliminary calculation, and once all the relevant information has been received by the Funds Actuary, the 2018 triennial review will be completed around November/December 2019.

Council's additional lump sum contribution per annum of 0.13% of the total additional lump sum contributions for all Pooled Employers (of \$40m each year from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2021) provides an indication of the level of participation of Council compared with other employers in the Pooled Employer sub group.

### (ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to local government.

Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years.

The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30/6 this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

### (iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity.

StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council.

Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the company's capital base as a result of the company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increased prudential requirements from APRA.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 16. Contingencies and other assets/liabilities not recognised (continued)

These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the company's minimum level of net assets in accordance with its licence requirements.

### (iv) Other guarantees

Council has provided no other guarantees other than those listed above.

### 2. Other liabilities

### (i) Third party claims

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services.

Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

### (ii) Potential land acquisitions due to planning restrictions imposed by Council

Council has classified a number of privately owned land parcels as local open space or bushland.

As a result, where notified in writing by the various owners, Council will be required to purchase these land parcels.

At reporting date, reliable estimates as to the value of any potential liability (and subsequent land asset) from such potential acquisitions has not been possible.

### (iii) Remediation of tips

The rehabilitation of Council's tips is being considered by Council, with a long term plan being developed. Council is of the view that the cost of any rehabilitation work is not material to the accounts nor can reliably be measured.

### **ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED**

### (i) Land under roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account land under roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30/6/08.

### (ii) Infringement notices/fines

Fines and penalty income, the result of Council issuing infringement notices is followed up and collected by the Infringement Processing Bureau.

Council's revenue recognition policy for such income is to account for it as revenue on receipt.

Accordingly, at year end, there is a potential asset due to Council representing issued but unpaid infringement notices.

Due to the limited information available on the status, value and duration of outstanding notices, Council is unable to determine the value of outstanding income.

### Note 17. Financial risk management

### Risk management

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including (1) price risk, (2) credit risk, (3) liquidity risk and (4) interest rate risk.

The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by Council's finance section under policies approved by the Council.

A comparison by category of the carrying amounts and fair values of Council's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the financial statements is presented below.

\$ '000	Carrying value 2019	Carrying value 2018	Fair value 2019	Fair value 2018
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,659	1,035	1,659	1,035
Receivables Investments	2,433	2,532	2,205	2,532
<ul> <li>- 'Financial assets at amortised cost' / 'held to maturity' (2018)</li> </ul>	17,000	23,320	17,000	23,320
Fair value through profit and loss Investments				
- 'Held for trading'	5,573	_	5,573	_
Total financial assets	26,665	26,887	26,437	26,887
Financial liabilities				
Payables	2,076	884	1,559	884
Loans/advances	3,248	2,879	3,248	2,879
Total financial liabilities	5,324	3,763	4,807	3,763

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables are estimated to be the carrying value that approximates market
- **Borrowings** and **held-to-maturity investments** are based upon estimated future cash flows discounted by the current mkt interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles, unless quoted market prices are available.
- Financial assets classified (i) 'at fair value through profit and loss' or (ii) 'available-for-sale' are based upon quoted market prices (in active markets for identical investments) at the reporting date or independent valuation.

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital.

Council's finance area manages the cash and Investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisors.

Council has an investment policy which complies with the Local Government Act 1993 and Minister's investment order 625. This policy is regularly reviewed by Council and it's staff and an investment report is tabled before Council on a monthly basis setting out the portfolio breakup and its performance as required by Local Government regulations.

The risks associated with the investments held are:

- **Price risk** the risk that the capital value of Investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether there changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or are caused by factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns and income.
- Credit risk the risk that the investment counterparty will not complete their obligations particular to a financial instrument, resulting in a financial loss to Council be it of a capital or income nature.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

Council manages these risks (amongst other measures) by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees.

Council also seeks advice from independent advisers before placing any funds in cash equivalents and investments.

### (a) Market risk – price risk and interest rate risk

The impact on result for the year and equity of a reasonably possible movement in the price of investments held and interest rates is shown below. The reasonably possible movements were determined based on historical movements and economic conditions in place at the reporting date.

	Increase of val	ues/rates	Decrease of values/rates	
\$ '000	Profit	Equity	Profit	Equity
2019				
Possible impact of a 10% movement in market values	557	557	(557)	(557)
Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	225	225	(225)	(225)
2018				
Possible impact of a 10% movement in market values	507	507	(507)	(507)
Possible impact of a 1% movement in interest rates	210	210	(210)	(210)

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

### (b) Credit risk

Council's major receivables comprise (i) rates and annual charges and (ii) user charges and fees.

The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that debts due and payable to Council may not be repaid in full.

Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery procedures. It also encourages ratepayers to pay their rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subjected to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

A profile of Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

### Credit risk profile

### Receivables - rates and annual charges

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to secure a charge over the land relating to the debts – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages the payment of debt.

		_		_		
	Not yet overdue	< 1 year overdue	1 - 2 years overdue	2 - 5 years overdue	> 5 years overdue	Total
2019						
Gross carrying amount	759	37	37	113	_	946
2018						
Gross carrying amount	322	245	325	_	_	892

### Receivables - non-rates and annual charges

Council applies the simplified approach for non-rates and annual charges debtors to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by AASB 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision. To measure the expected credit losses, non-rates and annual charges debtors have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The loss allowance provision as at 30 June 2019 is determined as follows. The expected credit losses incorporate forward-looking information.

	Not yet overdue	0 - 30 days overdue	31 - 60 days overdue	61 - 90 days overdue	> 91 days overdue	Total
2019						
Gross carrying amount	1,411	32	1	70	24	1,538
Expected loss rate (%)	_	_	_	_	_	_
2018						
Gross carrying amount	1,135	419	14	85	11	1,664

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 17. Financial risk management (continued)

	Not yet overdue	0 - 30 days overdue	31 - 60 days overdue	61 - 90 days overdue	> 91 days overdue	Total
Expected loss rate (%)	_	_	_	_	_	_

### (c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due.

Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer.

Payment terms can (in extenuating circumstances) also be extended and overdraft facilities utilised as required.

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs and debt servicing requirements. Council manages this risk through diversification of borrowing types, maturities and interest rate structures. The finance team regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The timing of cash flows presented in the table below to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates. The timing of expected outflows is not expected to be materially different from contracted cashflows.

The amounts disclosed in the table are the undiscounted contracted cash flows and therefore the balances in the table may not equal the balances in the statement of financial position due to the effect of discounting.

	Weighted average	Subject		payable in:			Actual
\$ '000	interest rate	to no maturity	≤1 Year	1 - 5 Years	> 5 Years	Total cash outflows	carrying values
2019							
Trade/other payables	_	30	2,046	_	_	2,076	2,076
Loans and advances	_	_	495	2,345	408	3,248	3,248
Total financial liabilities		30	2,541	2,345	408	5,324	5,324
2018							
Trade/other payables	_	25	859	_	_	884	884
Loans and advances	3.47%	_	495	2,345	487	3,327	2,879
Total financial liabilities		25	1,354	2,345	487	4,211	3,763

### Loan agreement breaches

Detail here any breaches to loan agreements which have occurred during the reporting year.

### Note 18. Material budget variations

Council's original financial budget for 18/19 was adopted by the Council on 28/06/2018 and is unaudited.

While the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Statements must disclose the original budget adopted by Council, the Local Government Act 1993 requires Council to review its financial budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals versus budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

This note sets out the details of **material variations** between Council's original budget and its actual results for the year as per the Income Statement – even though such variations may have been adjusted for during each quarterly budget review.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 18. Material budget variations (continued)

Material variations represent those variances between the original budget figure and the actual result that amount to 10% or more.

**Variation Key: F** = Favourable budget variation, **U** = Unfavourable budget variation.

\$ '000	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 Varian	-	
REVENUES	<b></b>				
Rates and annual charges	8,852	8,857	5	0%	F
User charges and fees - The increase in water usage revenue is due mostly to	2,688	3,063	375	14%	F
Interest and investment revenue - The increase in Investment Revenue is due to the investments.	634 reallocation of i	1,010 investment funds	376 to higher earning	59% TCorp man	F aged
Other revenues - The underachievement is due to less income from ag sales for the year.	926 encies including I	472 RFS, Emergency S	(454) Services, Private W	(49)% Vorks and no	U land
Operating grants and contributions	7,691	7,649	(42)	(1)%	U
Capital grants and contributions	3,293	3,390	97	3%	F
Net gains from disposal of assets	_	43	43	∞	F
Joint ventures and associates – net profits	_	10	10	∞	F
EXPENSES					
Employee benefits and on-costs  - The lower Employment costs are mostly due to high I provision due to retirements, lower FBT, training and compared to the contract of the costs are mostly due to high I provision due to retirements.		6,624 d salaries (\$600k),	1,096 reduction in emplo	14% oyee entitlen	F nents
Borrowing costs - The lower costs are due to the new loan drawn much	107 n later in the finan	93 cial year.	14	13%	F
Materials and contracts Increase due mostly to acquitting operational grants (D	4,444 rought Country C	5,480 ommunities) and r	(1,036) oad material and g	(23)% ravel stock o	U costs.
Depreciation and amortisation	5,964	5,850	114	2%	F
Other expenses	2,375	2,543	(168)	(7)%	U
Revaluation decrement / impairment of IPP&E	_	249	(249)	∞	U
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS					
Net cash provided from (used in) operating activities - increase in Operating Cashflow is due to increased entitlements and other on-costs).	8,512 grant revenue a	10,890 nd reduced opera	2,378 ting employee cos	28% ts (capitalisa	F ation,
Net cash provided from (used in) investing activities - Investing cashflow variance is due mostly to less cap	(15,078) oital expenditure o	(10,635) on budgeted land o	4,443 development.	(29)%	F

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 18. Material budget variations (continued)

\$ '000	2019 Budget	2019 Actual	2019 Variance*		
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	369	369	_	0%	F

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement

The Council measures the following asset and liability classes at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

### (1) Assets and liabilities that have been measured and recognised at fair values

	Fair value measurement hierarchy						
2019		Date of	Level 1 Quoted	Level 2 Significant	Level 3 Significant		
Recurring fair value measurements	Notes	latest valuation	prices in active mkts	observable inputs	unobserv- able inputs	Total	
		valuation	uotivo iiiitto	mpato	abio ilipato	10141	
Financial assets							
Other financial assets			_	_	_	_	
Other (enter details here)			_	_	_	_	
Investments	6(b)						
<ul><li>- 'Held for trading'</li></ul>		30/06/19	5,573	_	_	5,573	
'Designated at fair value on initial recognition'			30	_	_	30	
- 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income'			_	_	_	_	
Total financial assets			5,603	_	_	5,603	
Financial liabilities	10						
Loans/advances			_	_	_	_	
Lease liabilities			_	_	_	_	
Other (enter details here)			_	_	_	_	
Total financial liabilities			_	_	_	_	
Investment property							
Details here			_	_	_	_	
Total investment property			_	_	_	_	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9(a)						
Plant and equipment			_	_	_	-	

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

			Fair value m	easurement hi	erarchy	
2019		Date of	Level 1 Quoted	Level 2 Significant	Level 3 Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements	Notes	latest valuation	prices in active mkts	observable inputs	unobserv- able inputs	Tota
Office equipment			_	_	_	
Furniture and fittings			_	_	_	
Operational land		30/06/18	_	_	4,150	4,15
Community land		30/06/18	_	_	1,758	1,75
_and under roads			_	_	_	
Buildings – non-specialised		30/06/18	_	_	2,870	2,87
Buildings – specialised		30/06/18	_	_	16,660	16,66
Other structures		30/06/19	_	_	3,506	3,50
Roads		30/06/15	_	_	194,575	194,57
Bridges		30/06/15	_	_	18,909	18,90
Footpaths		30/06/15	_	_	1,789	1,78
Stormwater drainage		30/06/15	_	_	265	26
Water supply network		30/06/17	_	_	16,237	16,23
Sewerage network		30/06/17	_	_	18,760	18,76
Swimming pools		30/06/19	_	_	2,213	2,21
Other open space/recreational assets		30/06/19	_	_	2,891	2,89
Other infrastructure		30/06/15	_	_	3,506	3,50
Aerodrome		30/06/19		_	3,749	3,74
WIP		30/00/19	_	_	3,749	3,74
			_		_	
Intangibles						
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		-	_	_	291,838	291,83
Non-recurring fair value measurements						
Discontinued operations						
Details here			_		_	
Total discontinued operations			_	_	_	-
Non-current assets classified as 'held for sale'						
Asset class here  Total NCA's classified as 'held for sale'			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total Non o diagonida ao nota for dato		-				
			Level 1	easurement hi Level 2	erarcny Level 3	
2018		Date of	Quoted	Significant	Significant	
Recurring fair value measurements		latest	prices in	observable	unobserv-	
- Talas maaaramana	Notes	valuation	active mkts	inputs	able inputs	Tota
Financial assets						
Other financial assets			_	_	_	
Other (enter details here)			_	_	_	
nvestments	6(b)					
- 'Held for trading'			_	_	_	
- 'Designated at fair value on initial recognition'			_	_	_	
- 'Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income'			_	-	_	
Total financial assets			_	_	_	
Financial liabilities	10					
Financial liabilities Loans/advances	10		_	_	_	

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

			Fair value m	easurement hi	erarchy	
2018 Recurring fair value measurements	Notes	Date of latest valuation	Level 1 Quoted prices in active mkts	Level 2 Significant observable inputs	Level 3 Significant unobserv- able inputs	Total
Other (enter details here)			_	_	_	_
Total financial liabilities			_	_	_	_
Investment property						
Details here			_	_	_	_
Total investment property			_	_	_	_
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9(a)					
Plant and equipment		30/06/14	_	_	3,927	3,927
Office equipment		30/06/14	_	_	483	483
Furniture and fittings		30/06/14	_	_	46	46
Operational land		30/06/18	_	_	4,150	4,150
Community land		30/06/18	_	_	1,758	1,758
Land under roads		30/06/13	_	_	_	_
Buildings – non-specialised		30/06/18	_	_	3,026	3,026
Buildings – specialised		30/06/18	_	_	16,544	16,544
Other structures		30/06/14	_	_	2,241	2,241
Roads		30/06/15	_	_	193,367	193,367
Bridges		30/06/15	_	_	19,152	19,152
Footpaths		30/06/15	_	_	1,783	1,783
Stormwater drainage		30/06/15	_	_	13,510	13,510
Water supply network		30/06/17	_	_	14,549	14,549
Sewerage network		30/06/17	_	_	18,529	18,529
Swimming pools		30/06/14	_	_	1,647	1,647
Other open space/recreational assets		30/06/14	_	_	1,702	1,702
Other infrastructure		30/06/15	_	_	237	237
Aerodrome		30/06/14	_	_	3,541	3,541
WIP			_	_	_	_
Intangibles		30/06/18	_	_	_	_
Total infrastructure, property, plant and equipment			_	_	300,192	300,192
Non-recurring fair value measurements						
Discontinued operations						
Details here						
Total discontinued operations				_	_	_
Non-current assets classified as 'held for sale'						
Asset class here				_	_	
Total NCA's classified as 'held for sale'			_	_	_	_

Note that capital WIP is not included above since it is carried at cost.

### (2) Transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies

The following transfers occurred between level 1 and level 2 fair value hierarchies during the year:

2019	2019	2018	2018

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
	Quoted	Significant	Quoted	Significant
	prices in	observable	prices in	observable
\$ '000	active mkts	inputs	active mkts	inputs

### (3) Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 and level 3 fair values

Where Council is unable to derive fair valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (ie. level 1 inputs) Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (level 3 inputs).

The fair valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising level 2 and level 3 inputs are as follows:

### Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPP&E)

### Plant and equipment, office equipment and furniture and fittings

Plant & Equipment, Office Equipment and Furniture & Fittings are valued at cost but are disclosed at fair value in the notes. The carrying amount of these assets is assumed to approximate fair value, with depreciation rates applicable to the nature of the items. Examples of assets within these classes are as follows:

- Plant and Equipment Graders, trucks, rollers, tractors, mowers and motor vehicles.
- Office Equipment Computer Servers, surveillance equipment, Software, photocopiers, radio equipment etc.
- Furniture & Fittings Desks, Cabinets, Ergonomic chairs

### Operational and community land

Operational Land is based on the Land Value provided by an external Valuer in 2018.

It is based on average unit rate based on the Land Value for similar properties, having regard to the highest and best use for the land. Operational Land is based on the Valuer land value of the actual market values in the Narromine Shire LGA. Community Land has been valued in 2017 using valuations of the Valuer General.

### Buildings - non-specialised and specialised

Non-Specialised & Specialised Buildings values were provided by an external Valuer in 2018. The approach estimated the replacement cost for each building by componentising the building into significant parts. While all buildings were physically inspected and the unit rates based on square metres no market based evidence (Level 2) could not be established. As such these assets were classified as having been valued as Level 3 valuation inputs.

### Other structures

Other Structures comprise of Telemetry Systems, and components related to Cemetery, sale yards, waste facilities, and the family day care etc. The cost approach has been utilised whereby replacement cost was estimated for each asset by taking into account a range of factors. Other Structures have been revalued externally during 2018/19 by AssetVal Pty Ltd.

### Roads

Roads Externally valued during 14/15 by AssetVal Pty Ltd, major changes include giving road pavement and Seal a long life and a short life component, and seperating the floodways which have shorter lives.

Market based evidence (level 2) were used for Gravel pavement, Seal, Culverts, Footpath, and K&G.

### **Bridges**

Bridges Externally valued during 14/15 by AssetVal Pty Ltd, major changes include componitising bridges from one asset into components, Substructure, superstructure, abutments ect.

Major Culverts over 6m long were considered bridges and transfered from stormwater into bridges.

### **Footpaths**

Footpaths Externally valued during 14/15 by AssetVal Pty Ltd,

Market based evidence (level 2) were used for concrete Footpaths and cycleways.

### Stormwater drainage

Stormwater externally valued during 14/15 by AssetVal Pty Ltd, with previously unaccounted for assets now valued Market based evidence (level 2) were used for culverts, and K&G.

### Water supply network

Assets in this class comprise of pipes, valves, pumps, bores, and reservoirs. The Water Network values were provided by an external Valuer in 2017. The unit rates are based on linear metres of certain diameter pipes and prices per pit or similar may

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

be supported from market evidence (Level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. This asset class is indexed each year in line with the NSW Reference Rates Manual as publish by the Office of Water.

### Sewerage network

Assets in this class comprise of Treatment Plants, Pumping stations, sewerage pipelines and Manholes. The Sewerage Network values were provided by an external Valuer in 2017. The unit rates are based on linear metres of certain diameter pipes and prices per treatment item or similar may be supported from market evidence (Level 2) other inputs (such as estimates of pattern of consumption, residual value, asset condition and useful life) required extensive professional judgement and impacted significantly on the final determination of fair value. This asset class is indexed each year in line with the NSW Reference Rates Manual as publish by the Office of Water.

### Open space recreation

Assets within this class comprise playground equipment, softfall surfaces, shade structures, irrigation, fencing, lighting, furniture, sculptures and monuments etc. All Open Space Recreation Assets were revalued externally during 2018/19 by AssetVal Pty Ltd.

### **Aerodrome**

Assets within this class comprise the Aerodrome sealed runways at Narromine, and the unsealed airstrip at Trangie along with assocated furniture, signage, lighting, fencing, and control structures. All assets were valued externally during 2018/19 by AssetVal Pty Ltd.

### **Swimming pools**

Assets within this class comprise the 50m 8 lane outdoor pool, and childrens pool at Narromine, and the 25m outdoor pool at Trangie with assocated furniture, filtration systems etc. All assets were valued externally during 2018/19 by AssetVal Pty Ltd.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

### (4) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

a. The following tables present the changes in level 3 fair value asset classes.

	Plant and	Office	Furniture and	Operational	Community
\$ '000	equimpent	equipment	fittings	Land	Land
2018					
Opening balance	3,589	616	63	3,818	1,874
Purchases (GBV)	1,296	260	_	_	-
Disposals (WDV)	(571)	_	_	_	-
Depreciation and impairment	(387)	(393)	(17)	_	(116)
Revaluation	_	_	_	332	_
Closing balance	3,927	483	46	4,150	1,758
2019					
Opening balance	3,927	483	46	4,150	1,758
Closing balance	3,927	483	46	4,150	1,758
	Buildings				
<b>*</b> 1000	non-specialis	Buildings	Other	Doods	Duidense
\$ '000	ed	specialised	structures	Roads	Bridges
2018					
Opening balance	2,564	15,840	2,169	192,259	18,590
Purchases (GBV)	7	780	175	3,300	805
Depreciation and impairment	(146)	(617)	(103)	(2,192)	(243)
Revaluation	601	541			
Closing balance	3,026	16,544	2,241	193,367	19,152
2019					
Opening balance	3,026	16,544	2,241	193,367	19,152
Closing balance	3,026	16,544	2,241	193,367	19,152
		Stormwater	Water supply	Sewerage	Swimming
\$ '000	Footpaths	drainage	network	network	pools
2018					
Opening balance	1,855	13,674	12,947	18,240	1,578
Purchases (GBV)	6	39	1,851	341	110
Depreciation and impairment	(78)	(203)	(615)	(433)	(41)
Revaluation			366	381	
Closing balance	1,783	13,510	14,549	18,529	1,647
2019					
Opening balance	1,783	13,510	14,549	18,529	1,647
Closing balance	1,783	13,510	14,549	18,529	1,647
		Other open	Other		
\$ '000		space/recreati onal assets	Other infrastructure	Aerodrome	Total
2018					
Opening balance		1,759	247	3,599	295,281

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 19. Fair Value Measurement (continued)

\$ '000	Other open space/recreati onal assets	Other infrastructure	Aerodrome	Total
Purchases (GBV)	82	_	168	9,220
Disposals (WDV)	_	_	_	(571)
Depreciation and impairment	(139)	(10)	(226)	(5,959)
Revaluation	· ·	_	_	2,221
Closing balance	1,702	237	3,541	300,192
2019				
Opening balance	1,702	237	3,541	300,192
Closing balance	1,702	237	3,541	300,192

### d. The valuation process for level 3 fair value measurements

### Fair Value- Valuation techniques

The valuation techniques prescribed by AASB 13 can be summarised as:

'Cost Approach': A valuation technique that reflects the amount what would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (current replacement cost)

Income Approach: Valuation technique that converts future amounts (cash flows inflows/outflows) to signal the current (i.e. discounted) amount.

The fair value measurement is determined on the basis of the value indicated by current market expectations about these future amounts.

'Market Approach': A valuation technique that uses prices and other relevant information, generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable (similar) assets, liabilities or a group of assets and liabilities such as a business.

### Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 and Level 3 Fair Values

Where Council is unable to derive Fair Valuations using quoted market prices of identical assets (I.e. Level 1 inputs), Council instead utilises a spread of both observable inputs (Level 2 inputs) and unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

The Fair Valuation techniques Council has employed while utilising Level 2 and Level 3 inputs are as follows: Level 2 valuation process for some asset classes where the basis was Cost Approach under level 2 input which were determined based on, whereby maximising observable inputs and minimising unobservable inputs as below:

- Quoted prices for similar asset in active markets
- · Current replacement cost concept
- Purchase price
- Useful life

Level 3 valuation process for some asset classes where the basis was Cost Approach, The inputs used for this technique were:

- Pattern of consumption
- · Residual Value
- Asset Condition
- Unit rates
- Useful life

### (5) Highest and best use

All of Council's non-financial assets are considered as being utilised for their highest and best use.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

## Note 20. Related Party Transactions

### (a) Key management personnel

Key management personnel (KMP) of the council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the council, directly or

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

000, \$	2019	2018
Compensation:		
Short-term benefits	1,164	1,309
Post-employment benefits	26	110
Other long-term benefits	I	2
Total	1.261	1.421

# (b) Other transactions with KMP and their related parties

000. \$	Value of transactions (	Outstanding of balance ns (incl. loans and ar commitments)	Outstanding Value of balance transactions (incl. loans and during year commitments) Terms and conditions	Provisions for impairment of receivables outstanding	Expense recognised for impairment of receivables
2019 Office Supplies 2018	<del>-</del>		30 days	I	I
Office Supplies	_	15		I	I

- Council makes ad hoc purchases from Stationery Store Online, a company which is controlled by a member of the KMP of the council. The total annual contract value is around \$11,000 and purchases are made in accordance with the Procurement policy and based on market rates.
- Council hired plant and equipment during the year from McCutcheon Agri Trust, a trust which has a KMP has an interest. Amounts were billed based on on normal rates for such supplies and services and were due and payable under normal payment terms following the Council's procurement process.  $\alpha$

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 20. Related Party Transactions (continued)

### (c) Other related party transactions

			Outstanding balance (incl. loans and		Provisions for impairment of receivables	Expense recognised for impairment
000.	Ref	during year	commitments)	lerms and conditions	outstanding	of receivables
2019						
Library Services	2	381	I		I	I

Council has joined with Western Plains Regional Council and Warrumbungle Shire Council to form a Joint Venture arrangement called Macquarie Regional Library. Council contributes a proportion of the costs of the entity and receives a share of profits and net assets. က

### 30 days 382 Library Services 2018

# Note 21. Statement of developer contributions

Under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, Council has significant obligations to provide Section 7.11 (contributions towards provision or improvement of amenities or services) infrastructure in new release areas.

It is possible that the funds contributed may be less than the cost of this infrastructure, requiring Council to borrow or use general revenue to fund the difference.

## Summary of contributions and levies

as at 30/6/2019	
as at 30/6/2018	

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### Narromine Shire Council

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 21. Statement of developer contributions (continued)

	as at 30/6/2018						as at 30/6/2019	2019
I		Contributions received during the year	is ne year	Interest	Expenditure	Internal	Held as	Cumulative internal
000. \$	Opening Balance	Cash	Non-cash	earned in year	during	borrowing (to)/from	restricted asset	borrowings due/(payable)
000. \$	Opening Balance	Contributions received during the year Cash N	is ne year Non-cash	Interest earned in year	Expenditure during year	Internal borrowing (to)/from	Held as restricted asset	Cumulative internal borrowings due/(payable)
S7.11 contributions – under a plan		1	1	ı	1		1	
S7.12 levies – under a plan	259	33	1	7	1	1	299	ı
Total S7.11 and S7.12 revenue under plans	259	33	I	7	1	l I	299	I
S7.11 not under plans	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
S7.4 planning agreements	1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
S64 contributions	216	ı	ı	2	I	ı	221	1
Total contributions	475	33	1	12	1	1	520	1
S7.12 Levies – under a plan								
S7.12 LEVIES – UNDER A PLAN								
Drainage	10	I	I	I	I	ı	10	I
Roads	00	I	I	I	I	I	80	I
Open space	26	I	I	I	I	I	26	I
Community facilities	215	33	I	7	ı	I	255	I
Total	259	33	1	7	1	1	299	1

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 22. Financial result and financial position by fund

\$ '000	General <sup>1</sup> 2019	Water 2019	Sewer 2019
Income Statement by fund			
Income from continuing operations			
Rates and annual charges	7,139	605	1,113
User charges and fees	1,419	1,278	366
Interest and investment revenue	855	92	63
Other revenues	457	15	_
Grants and contributions provided for operating purposes	7,634	15	_
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes  Other income	3,390	_	_
Net gains from disposal of assets	43	_	_
Share of interests in joint ventures and associates using the equity method	10	_	-
Total income from continuing operations	20,947	2,005	1,542
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee benefits and on-costs	6,016	434	174
Borrowing costs	93	_	_
Materials and contracts	3,798	1,054	628
Depreciation and amortisation	4,928	483	439
Other expenses	2,516	_	27
Revaluation decrement /impairment of IPPE	249		_
Total expenses from continuing operations	17,600	1,971	1,268
Operating result from continuing operations	3,347	34	274
Net operating result for the year	3,347	34	274
Net operating result attributable to each council fund	3,347	34	274
Net operating result for the year before grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	(43)	34	274

NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross – that is, they include internal charges and recoveries made between the funds.

### Statement of Financial Position by fund

ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	(3,605)	628	4,636
Investments	19,078	1,667	1,828
Receivables	1,289	343	289
Inventories	854	_	_
Other	90	_	_
Total current assets	17,706	2,638	6,753
Non-current assets			
Receivables	274	199	39
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	272,187	18,201	19,131
Investments accounted for using the equity method	298	_	_

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<sup>(1)</sup> General fund refers to all of Council's activites except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 22. Financial result and financial position by fund (continued)

\$ '000	General <sup>1</sup> 2019	Water 2019	Sewer 2019
Total non-current assets	272,759	18,400	19,170
TOTAL ASSETS	290,465	21,038	25,923
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Payables	2,076	_	_
Income received in advance	227	_	_
Borrowings	390	_	_
Provisions	1,576		_
Total current liabilities	4,269	_	_
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	2,858	_	_
Provisions	194	_	_
Total non-current liabilities	3,052	_	_
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,321		
Net assets	283,144	21,038	25,923
EQUITY			
Accumulated surplus	114,445	11,456	10,444
Revaluation reserves	168,699	9,582	15,479
Council equity interest	283,144	21,038	25,923
Total equity	283,144	21,038	25,923

NB. All amounts disclosed above are gross – that is, they include internal charges and recoveries made between the funds. Assets and liabilities shown in the water and sewer columns are restricted for use for these activities.

### Note 23(a). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results

	Amounts	Indicator	Prior p	eriods	Benchmark
\$ '000	2019	2019	2018	2017	
1. Operating performance ratio					
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses 1,2	461	2.19%	(0.88)%	18.72%	>0.00%
Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions <sup>1</sup>	21,051	2.13/0	(0.00)70	10.7270	70.0070
2. Own source operating revenue ratio					
Total continuing operating revenue excluding all grants and contributions 1	13,294	54.39%	53.43%	47.89%	>60.00%
Total continuing operating revenue 1	24,441				
3. Unrestricted current ratio					
Current assets less all external restrictions	14,180	4.21x	5.98x	5.38x	>1.5x
Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities	3,370		5.50X	3.30X	1.0%

### 4. Debt service cover ratio

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 23(a). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (continued)

	Amounts	Indicator	Prior p	eriods	Benchmarl
\$ '000	2019	2019	2018	2017	
Operating result before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation <sup>1</sup> Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement)	6,404 1,228	5.21x	12.68x	19.96x	>2x
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage					
Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding	1,030	10.38%	11.61%	9.20%	<10.00%
Rates, annual and extra charges collectible	9,924	10.30%	11.01%	9.20%	<10.00%
6. Cash expense cover ratio					
Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all					
term deposits	18,659	15.9	18.93	19.9	>3
Monthly payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	1,173	mths	mths	mths	mths

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes fair value adjustments, reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain on sale of assets, and net loss of interests in joint ventures and associates.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes impairment/revaluation decrements, net loss on sale of assets, and net loss on share of interests in joint ventures and associates

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

# Note 23(b). Statement of performance measures – by fund

000.\$	General Indicators 2019 2018	licators ³ 2018	Water Indicators 2019 2018	dicators 2018	Sewer Indicators 2019 2018	dicators 2018	Benchmark
1. Operating performance ratio  Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions less operating expenses 1.2  Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions 1	0.87%	(4.48)%	1.70%	10.82%	17.77%	23.37%	%00.0<
2. Own source operating revenue ratio  Total continuing operating revenue excluding capital grants and contributions <sup>1</sup> Total continuing operating revenue <sup>1</sup>	46.72%	45.66%	99.25%	89.87%	100.00%	98.75%	%00.09<
3. Unrestricted current ratio Current assets less all external restrictions Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities	4.21x	5.98x	8	8	8	8	>1.5x
4. Debt service cover ratio Operating result before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation <sup>1</sup> Principal repayments (Statement of Cash Flows) plus borrowing costs (Income Statement)	10.87x	9.17×	8	8	8	8	×5×
5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage Rates, annual and extra charges outstanding Rates, annual and extra charges collectible	12.55%	11.46%	0.00%	9.45%	0.00%	14.02%	<10.00%
6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash and cash equivalents plus all term deposits Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	11.42 mths	16.84 mths	8	17.27 mths	8	60.21 mths	>3 mths

### Footnotes

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<sup>(1) - (2)</sup> Refer to Notes at Note 28a above.
(3) General fund refers to all of Council's activities except for its water and sewer activities which are listed separately.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 23(c). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (graphs)

1. Operating performance ratio



### Purpose of operating performance ratio

This ratio measures Council's achievement of containing operating expenditure within operating revenue.

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 2.19%

Council's Operating Performance Ratio is favourable (greater than 0%) indicating an operating surplus was made for the financial year.

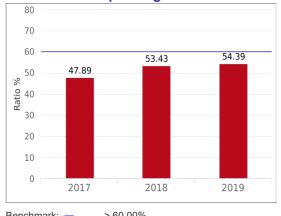
Benchmark: - > 0.00%

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

### 2. Own source operating revenue ratio



### Purpose of own source operating revenue ratio

This ratio measures fiscal flexibility. It is the degree of reliance on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions.

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 54.39%

Council's ratio is 54.39 which indicates Council produces 54.39% of its own revenue. Whilst below the state-wide benchmark of 60% it is typical for a regional Council.

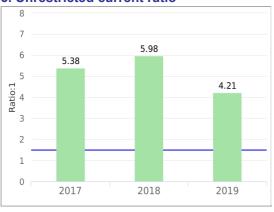
Benchmark: — > 60.00%

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

### 3. Unrestricted current ratio



### Purpose of unrestricted current ratio

To assess the adequacy of working capital and its ability to satisfy obligations in the short term for the unrestricted activities of Council.

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 4.21x

This indicates Council has more than sufficient working capital to meet its short term financial obligations.

Benchmark: - > 1.5x

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

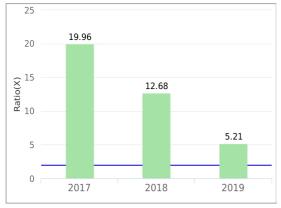
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### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 23(c). Statement of performance measures – consolidated results (graphs)

### 4. Debt service cover ratio



### Purpose of debt service cover ratio

This ratio measures the availability of operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 5.21x

This ratio indicates Council's ability to service its debt is in excess of the OLG benchmark of 2.0 times. The ratio reduced as Council moved funds from Term Deposits to managed investments. Managed investments are redeemable at 3 days notice.

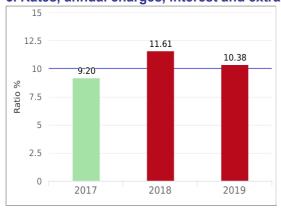
Benchmark: - > 2x

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

### 5. Rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding percentage



Purpose of rates, annual charges, interest and extra charges outstanding

To assess the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on Council's liquidity and the adequacy of recovery efforts.

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 10.38%

Council's ratio of overdue rates and charges (10.38) is greater than the OLG benchmark (10.00). While not within the OLG benchmark Council deems this acceptable given the drought conditions experienced across all ratepayers. This also an improvement on the previous year (11.61).

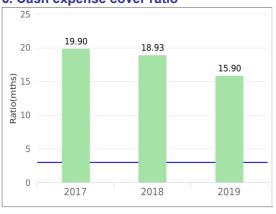
Benchmark: — < 10.00%

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

### 6. Cash expense cover ratio



### Purpose of cash expense cover ratio

This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months a Council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow.

### Commentary on 2018/19 result

2018/19 ratio 15.9 mths

Council has enough cash to operate for 15.9 months without the need to raise more cash. This is in excess of the OLG benchmark of 3.0 months.

Benchmark: - > 3mths

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio achieves benchmark

Ratio is outside benchmark

### Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 24. Council information and contact details

### Principal place of business:

124 Dandaloo Street Narromine NSW 2821

### **Contact details**

Mailing Address: PO Box 115

Narromine NSW 2821

**Telephone:** 02 6889 9999 **Facsimile:** 02 6889 9998

### **Officers**

**General Manager** Jane Redden

**Responsible Accounting Officer** 

John Sevil

Public Officer
Name Auditors here

**Auditors** 

NSW Auditor General Level 15 1 Margaret Street Sydney NSW 2000

### Other information

**ABN**: 99 352 328 405

Opening hours:

M-F 8:30 am to 5:00 pm

Internet: <a href="www.narromine.nsw.gov.au">www.narromine.nsw.gov.au</a>
Email: <a href="mail@narromine.nsw.gov.au">mail@narromine.nsw.gov.au</a>

### **Elected members**

Mayor

Cr Craig Davies

**Deputy Mayor** 

Cr Dawn Collins

Cr Colin Hamilton Cr James Craft Cr Les Lambert Cr Lyn Jablonski Cr Mark Munro Cr Robert McCutcheon Cr Trudy Everingham

### General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Please upift Council's Audit Report PDF (opinion) for inclusion in the GPFS report (via the Home screen).

### General Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Please upift Council's Audit Report PDF (commentary) for inclusion in the GPFS report (via the Home screen).

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SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2019



### Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

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### **Background**

- i. These Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared for the use by both Council and the Office of Local Government in fulfilling their requirements under National Competition Policy.
- ii. The principle of competitive neutrality is based on the concept of a 'level playing field' between persons/entities competing in a market place, particularly between private and public sector competitors.
  - Essentially, the principle is that government businesses, whether Commonwealth, state or local, should operate without net competitive advantages over other businesses as a result of their public ownership.
- iii. For Council, the principle of competitive neutrality and public reporting applies only to declared business activities.
  - These include (a) those activities classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as business activities being water supply, sewerage services, abattoirs, gas production and reticulation, and (b) those activities with a turnover of more than \$2 million that Council has formally declared as a business activity (defined as Category 1 activities.
- iv. In preparing these financial statements for Council's self-classified Category 1 businesses and ABS-defined activities, councils must (a) adopt a corporatisation model and (b) apply full cost attribution including tax-equivalent regime payments and debt guarantee fees (where the business benefits from Council's borrowing position by comparison with commercial rates).

### Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Statement by Councillors and Management made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- · the NSW Government Policy Statement 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government',
- the Division of Local Government Guidelines 'Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses A Guide to Competitive Neutrality',
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting,
- the NSW Office of Water Best-Practice Management of Water and Sewerage Guidelines.

### To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- · present fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year, and
- accord with Council's accounting and other records.
- · present overhead reallocation charges to the water and sewerage businesses as fair and reasonable.

We are not aware of any matter that would render these statements false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 11 September 2019.

Craig Davies	Dawn Collins
Mayor	Councillor
11 September 2019	11 September 2019
Jane Redden	John Sevil
General Manager	Responsible Accounting Officer
11 September 2019	11 September 2019

### Income Statement – Water Supply Business Activity

\$ '000	2019	2018
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	605	627
User charges	1,236	1,255
Fees	42	50
Interest	92	102
Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes	15	20
Other income	15	16
Total income from continuing operations	2,005	2,070
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	434	460
Materials and contracts	1,054	770
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	483	616
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,971	1,846
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	34	224
Grants and contributions provided for capital purposes	_	211
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	34	435
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	34	435
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (27.5%) [based on result before capital]	(9)	(62)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	25	373
Plus accumulated surplus Less:	11,423	10,988
- Corporate taxation equivalent  Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid:	9	62
Closing accumulated surplus	11,457	11,423
Return on capital %	0.2%	1.4%
Subsidy from Council	206	1.4 /0
Subsidy from Council	200	190
Calculation of dividend payable:		
Surplus (deficit) after tax	25	373
Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions)		(74)
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	25	299
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	12	150

### Income Statement – Sewerage Business Activity

\$ '000	2019	2018
Income from continuing operations		
Access charges	1,113	1,084
User charges	354	322
Liquid trade waste charges	12	13
Fees	_	15
Interest	63	70
Grants and contributions provided for non-capital purposes		19
Total income from continuing operations	1,542	1,523
Expenses from continuing operations		
Employee benefits and on-costs	174	181
Materials and contracts	628	553
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	439	433
Other expenses	27	
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,268	1,167
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations before capital amounts	274	356
Surplus (deficit) from continuing operations after capital amounts	274	356
Surplus (deficit) from all operations before tax	274	356
Less: corporate taxation equivalent (27.5%) [based on result before capital]	(75)	(98)
SURPLUS (DEFICIT) AFTER TAX	199	258
Plus accumulated surplus	10,169	9,813
<ul> <li>Corporate taxation equivalent</li> </ul>	75	98
Plus adjustments for amounts unpaid: Less:		
Closing accumulated surplus	10,443	10,169
Return on capital %	1.4%	1.8%
Subsidy from Council	_	157
Calculation of dividend payable:		
Surplus (deficit) after tax	199	258
Less: capital grants and contributions (excluding developer contributions)		73
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	199	331
Potential dividend calculated from surplus	99	166

### Statement of Financial Position – Water Supply Business Activity

\$ '000	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	628	1,772
Investments	1,667	2,431
Receivables	343	313
Total current assets	2,638	4,516
Non-current assets		
Receivables	199	202
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	18,201	16,062
Total non-current assets	18,400	16,264
TOTAL ASSETS	21,038	20,780
NET ASSETS	21,038	20,780
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	11,456	11,423
Revaluation reserves	9,582	9,357
TOTAL EQUITY	21,038	20,780

### Statement of Financial Position – Sewerage Business Activity

\$ '000	2019	2018
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,636	3,678
Investments	1,828	1,835
Receivables	289	264
Total current assets	6,753	5,777
Non-current assets		
Receivables	39	66
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	19,131	19,515
Total non-current assets	19,170	19,581
TOTAL ASSETS	25,923	25,358
NET ASSETS	25,923	25,358
EQUITY		
Accumulated surplus	10,444	10,169
Revaluation reserves	15,479	15,189
TOTAL EQUITY	25,923	25,358

### Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Statements (SPFS) for National Competition Policy (NCP) reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are SPFS prepared for use by Council and the Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is a non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of relevant Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and Australian Accounting Interpretations.

The disclosures in these Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW), the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005*, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

The Statement of Financial Position includes notional assets/liabilities receivable from/payable to Council's general fund. These balances reflect a notional intra-entity funding arrangement with the declared business activities.

### **National Competition Policy**

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' in its business activities as part of the National Competition Policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government.

The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 NSW government policy statement titled 'Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government'.

The *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses, A Guide to Competitive Neutrality* issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing and costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard for disclosure requirements.

These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents, Council subsidies, return on investments (rate of return), and dividends paid.

### **Declared business activities**

In accordance with *Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality,* Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

### **Category 1**

(where gross operating turnover is over \$2 million)

Nil

### **Category 2**

(where gross operating turnover is less than \$2 million)

### a. Narromine Shire Council Water Supply

Comprising the whole of the operations and net assets of the water supply activities of Council servicing the towns of Narromine, Trangie, and Tomingley.

### b. Narromine Shire Council Sewerage Service

Comprising the whole of the operations and net assets of the sewerage reticulation and treatment activities of Council servicing the towns of Narromine and Trangie.

continued on next page ...

### Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Monetary amounts**

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian dollars and rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars, except for Note 2 (Water Supply Best-Practice Management Disclosures) and Note 3 (Sewerage Best-Practice Management Disclosures).

As required by Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), the amounts shown in Note 2 and Note 3 are disclosed in whole dollars.

### (i) Taxation equivalent charges

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations just like all other costs.

However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities and are reflected in Special Purpose Finanncial Statements.

For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent, the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council-nominated business activities (this does not include Council's non-business activities):

### Notional rate applied (%)

Corporate income tax rate - 30%

<u>Land tax</u> – the first \$629,000 of combined land values attracts **0**%. For the combined land values in excess of \$629,001 up to \$3,846,000 the rate is **1.6**% **+ \$100**. For the remaining combined land value that exceeds \$3,846,000 a premium marginal rate of **2.0**% applies.

Payroll tax - 5.45% on the value of taxable salaries and wages in excess of \$750,000.

In accordance with the Crown Lands and Water (CLAW), a payment for the amount calculated as the annual tax equivalent charges (excluding income tax) must be paid from water supply and sewerage business activities.

The payment of taxation equivalent charges, referred to in the NSW Office of Water Guidelines to as a 'dividend for taxation equivalent', may be applied for any purpose allowed under the *Local Government Act*, 1993.

Achievement of substantial compliance to the NSW Office of Water Guidelines is not a prerequisite for the payment of the tax equivalent charges, however the payment must not exceed \$3 per assessment.

### Income tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business activities. Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested.

Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level - gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts, as would be applied by a private sector competitor. That is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved.

Since the taxation equivalent is notional – that is, it is payable to Council as the 'owner' of business operations - it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council. Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the SPFS.

The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent at reporting date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

### Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

### Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Local government rates and charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges payable on all category 1 businesses has been applied to all land assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

### Loan and debt guarantee fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that council business activities face 'true' commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors.

In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and Council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

### (ii) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers, and the funding of those subsidies, must be explicitly disclosed.

Subsidies occur when Council provides services on a less-than-cost-recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations.

Accordingly, 'subsidies disclosed' (in relation to National Competition Policy) represents the difference between revenue generated from 'rate of return' pricing and revenue generated from prices set by Council in any given financial year.

The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of each reported business activity.

### (iii) Return on investments (rate of return)

The NCP policy statement requires that councils with Category 1 businesses 'would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field'.

Such funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies.

The actual rate of return achieved by each business activity is disclosed at the foot of each respective Income Statement.

The rate of return is calculated as follows:

### Operating result before capital income + interest expense

### Written down value of I,PP&E as at 30 June

As a minimum, business activities should generate a return equal to the Commonwealth 10 year bond rate which is 1.32% at 30/6/19.

### (iv) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself (as owner of a range of businesses) or to any external entities.

Local government water supply and sewerage businesses are permitted to pay an annual dividend from its water supply or sewerage business surplus.

Each dividend must be calculated and approved in accordance with the DPIW guidelines and must not exceed:

- 50% of this surplus in any one year, or
- the number of water supply or sewerage assessments at 30 June 2019 multiplied by \$30 (less the payment for tax equivalent charges, not exceeding \$3 per assessment).

In accordance with the DPIW guidelines a Dividend Payment form, Statement of Compliance, Unqualified Independent Financial Audit Report and Compliance Audit Report are required to be submitted to the DPIW.

### Special Purpose Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2019

Please upift Council's Audit Report PDF (opinion) for inclusion in the SPFS report (via the Home screen).

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SPECIAL SCHEDULES for the year ended 30 June 2019



### **Special Schedules**

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### Permissible income for general rates

for the year ended 30 June 2019

\$ '000		Calculation 2019/20	Calculation 2018/19
<del>, •••</del>		2010.20	2010/10
Notional general income calculation <sup>1</sup>			
Last year notional general income yield	а	5,718	5,577
Plus or minus adjustments <sup>2</sup>	b	(1)	15
Notional general income	c = a + b	5,717	5,592
Permissible income calculation			
Or rate peg percentage	е	2.70%	2.30%
Or plus rate peg amount	i = c x e	154	129
Sub-total	k = (c + g + h + i + j)	5,871	5,721
Plus (or minus) last year's carry forward total	1	1	(2)
Sub-total	n = (I + m)	1	(2)
Total permissible income	o = k + n	5,872	5,719
Less notional general income yield	р	5,872	5,718
Catch-up or (excess) result	q = o - p	_	1
Carry forward to next year <sup>6</sup>	t = q + r - s	_	1

### **Notes**

<sup>(1)</sup> The notional general income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called 'supplementary valuations' as defined in the Valuation of Land Act 1916.

<sup>(6)</sup> Carry forward amounts which are in excess (an amount that exceeds the permissible income) require ministerial approval by order published in the NSW Government Gazette in accordance with section 512 of the Local Government Act 1993. The OLG will extract these amounts from Council's Permissible income for general rates Statement in the financial data return (FDR) to administer this process.

## Report on Infrastructure Assets as at 30 June 2019

Asset Class	Asset Category	Estimated cost Estimated cost to bring to the to bring assets agreed level of	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2018/19	2018/19		Gross	Assets	in condi gross re	Assets in condition as a percentage of gross replacement cost	percent	tage of
		to satisfactory standard	service set by Council m	e set by Required Council maintenance	Actual maintenance	Net carrying amount	replacement cost (GRC)	-	7	ო	4	ro
(a) Report	(a) Report on Infrastructure Assets - Values	nes										
Buildings	Buildings	992	766	1,058	1,139	19,529	38,294	19.0%	29.0%	20.0%	2.0%	ı
1	Buildings – non-specialised	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	Ι
	Buildings – specialised	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	Other	162		1	1	_	09	25.0%		2.0%	ı	%0.09
	Sub-total	928	928	1,058	1,139	19,530	38,354	19.0%	28.9%	20.0%	2.0%	0.1%
Other	Other structures	I	I	I	I	3,506	2,241	I	I	I	I	100.0%
structures	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I
	Sub-total	1	ı	1	1	3,506	2,241	1	1	ı	ı	100.0%
Roads	Sealed roads	1,333	1,333	1,436	1,165	110,639	133,281	26.0%	11.0%	62.0%	1.0%	I
	Unsealed roads	1,993		2,845	2,261	82,729	99,659	44.0%	45.0%	11.0%	ı	I
	Bridges	255	255	I	I	19,152	25,524	53.0%	37.0%	%0.6	1.0%	I
	Footpaths	89	89	5	2	178	3,404	17.0%	38.0%	43.0%	2.0%	I
	Other road assets	4	4	373	370	264	386	32.0%	28.0%	39.0%	1.0%	Ι
	Bulk earthworks	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	Other	I		I	I	2,576	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
	Sub-total	3,653	3,653	4,659	3,801	215,538	262,254	35.4%	26.8%	37.2%	%9.0	
Water supply	y Water supply network	539	53	1,370	1,345	14,548	26,931	41.0%	40	15	2.0%	2.0%
	Sub-total	739	739	1 370	1 345	16 237	26 934	41 0%	40.0%	15.0%	2 0%	2 0%
				2		10,40	200	2	200	200	0.4	200
Sewerage	Sewerage network	272	27	200	740	18,529	28,207	74.0%	7.0%	15.0%	1.0%	3.0%
	Sub-total	272	272	700	740	18,760	28,207	74.0%	7.0%	15.0%	1.0%	3.0%
	0.500	200		Coc	370	10 170	20 4 22	700 00	`		700 6	
drainage	Other	2 1		7007	N 5 1	72	0.74,02	0.07			0. 0. l	l I
)	Sub-total	613	613	280	245	13,582	20,423	28.0%	38.0%	31.0%	3.0%	1

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# Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued) as at 30 June 2019

Asset Class	Asset Class Asset Category	Estimated cost to bring to the to bring assets agreed level of	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2018/19	2018/19		Gross	Assets	in condi gross re	Assets in condition as a percentage of gross replacement cost	percent nt cost	age of
		to satisfactory standard	to satisfactory service set by standard Council m	e set by Required Council maintenance	Actual maintenance	Net carrying amount	replacement cost (GRC)	~	7	က	4	w
Open space /	Open space / Swimming pools	27	27	256	394	3,402	2,712	3.0%	91.0%	3.0%	1.0%	2.0%
recreational	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I
assets	Other Open Space Recreational	72	72	1,006	1,039	1,702	3,610	14.0%	50.0%	50.0% 33.0%	2.0%	1.0%
	Sub-total	66	66	1,262	1,433	5,104	6,322	9.3%	%9.79	20.1%	4.6%	1.4%
Other	Other	158	158	1,766	1,777	I	15,848	13.0%	13.0% 17.0% 68.0%	%0'89	1.0%	1.0%
infrastructure Other	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	ı
assets	Sub-total	158	158	1,766	1,777	1	15,848	13.0%	17.0%	%0.89	1.0%	1.0%
	TOTAL - ALL ASSETS	6,262	6,262	11,095	10,480	292,257	400,580	35.0%	30.1%	35.0% 30.1% 32.9% 1.0%	1.0%	1.0%

<sup>(</sup>a) Required maintenance is the amount identified in Council's asset management plans.

## Infrastructure asset condition assessment 'key'

_	Excellent/very good	No work required (normal maintenance)
7	Good	Only minor maintenance work required
က	Satisfactory	Maintenance work required
4	Poor	Renewal required
2	Very poor	Urgent renewal/upgrading required

# Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued) as at 30 June 2019

Asset Class	Asset Category	Estimated cost to bring to the to bring assets agreed love of	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2018/19	2018/19		Click to Enter	Assets	Assets in condition as a percentage of gross replacement cost	in condition as a percen gross replacement cost	percenta nt cost	ige of
		to satisfactory standard		Required maintenance	Actual maintenance	Net carrying amount	carrying type of asset amount valuation (xxx)	~	6	ო	4	co
(b) Report	(b) Report on Infrastructure Assets - Values	nes										
Buildings	Buildings	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	ı	ı
	Buildings – non-specialised	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I
	Buildings – specialised	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	ı	ı	ı
	Other	I	I	I	I	19,530	I	I	I	ı	I	ı
	Sub-total	I	I	I	ı	19,530	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Other	Other structures	I	I	I	I	3,506	I	I	I	I	I	I
structures	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı
	Sub-total	I	I	I	I	3,506	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Roads	Sealed roads	l	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	ı	ı
	Unsealed roads	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
	Bridges	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I
	Footpaths	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	Ι	I	ı	I
	Other road assets	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı
	Bulk earthworks	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	1	ı	ı
	Other	I	I	I	I	215,538	I	1	I	1	ı	ı
	Sub-total	I	ı	I	I	215,538	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	
Water supply	Water supply Water supply network	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
network	Other	I	I	I	I	16,237	I	1	I	1	1	ı
	Sub-total	I	ı	ı	ı	16,237		ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Sewerage	Sewerade network	l	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	
network	Other	I	I	I	I	18,760	1	I	I	I	I	I
	Sub-total	I	I	I	I	18,760	I	1	ı	ı	ı	ı
Stormwater	Stormwater drainage	l	I	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı
drainage	Other	I	I	I	I	13,582	I	I	I	1	ı	1
	Sub-total	I	I	I	ı	13,582	I	1	ı	ı	ı	ı

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# Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued) as at 30 June 2019

Asset Class	Asset Class Asset Category	Estimated cost to bring to the to bring assets agreed level of	Estimated cost to bring to the agreed level of	2018/19	2018/19		Click to Enter	Assets	in condit	in condition as a percent gross replacement cost	Assets in condition as a percentage of gross replacement cost	ge of
		to satisfactory service set by standard Council	ervice set by Council ma	Required intenance	se set by Required Actual Council maintenance a maintenance	Net carrying amount	Net carrying type of asset amount valuation (xxx)	-	7	ო	4	2
Open space /	Open space / Swimming pools	I	I	I	I	5,104	I	I	I	ı	ı	1
recreational	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I
assets	Sub-total	ı	ı	ı	ı	5,104	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Other	Other	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	ı	I	I
assets	Sub-total	1	I	I	ı	I	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
	TOTAL - ALL ASSETS	1	ı	ı	1	292,257	1	1	1	ı	1	ı

(a) Required maintenance is the amount identified in Council's asset management plans.

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### **Narromine Shire Council**

### Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

as at 30 June 2019

	Amounts	Indicator	Prior p	eriods	Benchmark
\$ '000	2019	2019	2018	2017	
Infrastructure asset performance indicators (consolidated) *					
Buildings and infrastructure renewals ratio <sup>1</sup> Asset renewals <sup>2</sup> Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		189.71%	148.36%	93.43%	>=100.00%
Infrastructure backlog ratio ¹ Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets		2.14%	7.23%	11.64%	<2.00%
Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	<u>10,480</u> 11,095	94.46%	97.92%	60.37%	>100.00%
Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost	6,262 400,580	1.56%	5.01%	6.08%	>0.00%

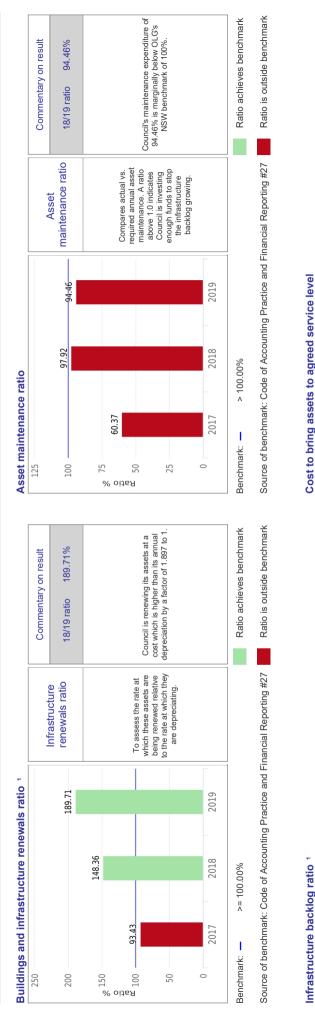
<sup>(\*)</sup> All asset performance indicators are calculated using classes identified in the previous table.

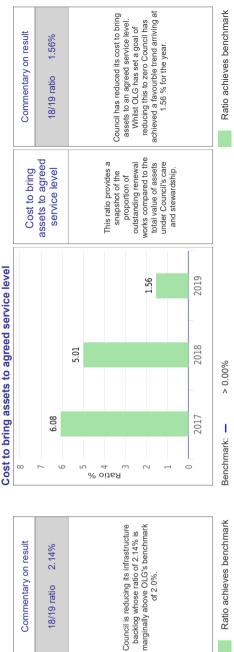
<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

<sup>(2)</sup> Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.

# Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

as at 30 June 2019





This ratio shows what proportion the backlog is against the total value of a Council's

7.23

7.5

Ratio %

10

2

infrastructure.

2.14

2019

2017

0

2.5

18/19 ratio

backlog ratio

11.64

12.5

15

Infrastructure

(1) Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

< 2.00%

Benchmark:

continued on next page ...

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Ratio is outside benchmark

Source of benchmark: Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting #27

Ratio is outside benchmark

# Report on Infrastructure Assets (continued)

as at 30 June 2019

000.\$	General fund 2019 20	l fund 2018	Water 2019	Water fund 9 2018	Sewer fund 2019 20	fund 2018	Benchmark
Infrastructure asset performance indicators (by fund)							
Buildings and infrastructure renewals ratio <sup>1</sup> Asset renewals <sup>2</sup>	180 F20%	15.4 07%	254 550/	215 10%	%5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8	3 70%	,
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		0, 00:	0,00	0.00	8000	200	0000
Infrastructure backlog ratio ¹ Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory standard Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	2.12%	4.98%	3.32%	48.13%	1.45%	5.87%	<2.00%
Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	93.02%	%96'.26	98.18%	97.81%	105.71%	97.38%	>100.00%
Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to an agreed service level set by Council Gross replacement cost	1.58%	3.51%	2.00%	26.00%	<b>%96.0</b>	4.00%	%00.0<

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes Work In Progress (WIP)

<sup>(2)</sup> Asset renewals represent the replacement and/or refurbishment of existing assets to an equivalent capacity/performance as opposed to the acquisition of new assets (or the refurbishment of old assets) that increases capacity/performance.